

Appendix A

Initial Study and Notice of Preparation and
Responses

Notice of Preparation

To: Office of Planning & Research
(Agency)

P.O. Box 3044, 1400 Tenth Street, Room 212
(Address)

Sacramento, CA 95812-3044

Subject: Notice of Preparation of a Draft Environmental Impact Report

Lead Agency:

Consulting Firm (If applicable):

Agency Name	<u>Imperial County, Planning & Dev Svcs.</u>	Firm Name	<u>HDR</u>
Street Address	<u>801 Main Street</u>	Street Address	<u>591 Camino de la Reina, Suite 300</u>
City/State/Zip	<u>El Centro, CA 92243</u>	City/State/Zip	<u>San Diego, CA 92108</u>
Contact	<u>Patricia Valenzuela</u>	Contact	<u>Tim Gnibus</u>

The County of Imperial will be the Lead Agency and will prepare an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the project identified below. We need to know the views of your agency as to the scope and content of the Environmental Information, which is germane to your agency’s statutory responsibilities in connection with the proposed project. Your agency will need to use the EIR prepared by our agency when considering your permit or other approval for the project.

The project description, location, and the potential environmental effects are contained in the attached materials. A copy of the Initial Study is attached.

Due to the time limits mandated by State law, your response must be sent at the earliest possible date but ***not later than 35 days*** after receipt of this notice.

Please send your response to Imperial County Planning & Development Services, Attn: Patricia Valenzuela at the address shown above. We will need the name for a contact person in your agency.

Project Title: Wister Solar Energy Facility Project

Project Location: The Wister Solar Energy Facility Project consists of four primary components: 1) solar generation equipment and associated facilities (herein referred to as “solar energy facility”); 2) gen-tie line that would connect the proposed on-site substation to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the existing Imperial Irrigation District’s (IID) 92-kilovolt (kV) “K” line; 3) fiberoptic cable; and, 4) upgrades to off-site IID facilities (92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation, and Niland substation). These components are collectively referred to as the “proposed project” or “project.”

- **Solar Energy Facility and Gen-Tie Line.** The project site is located approximately three miles north of Niland, a census-designated place, in the unincorporated area of Imperial County. The project site is located on one parcel of land identified as Assessor’s Parcel Number 003-240-001. The parcel is approximately 640 acres and is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). The proposed project would be located on approximately 100 acres within the northwest portion of the 640-acre parcel. The project site is located east of the intersection of Wilkins Road and an unnamed county road. The project footprint (where proposed project components are to be located) is generally located east of Wilkins Road, north of the East Highline Canal, and west of Gas Line Road. As shown on Figure 1, the project site is located outside of the Renewable Energy Overlay Zone.

- **Fiberoptic Cable.** The proposed project includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation, located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.
- **Off-Site IID Facilities.** The 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation is located north of the Salton Sea in southeastern Riverside County. The North Shore Substation is located at the northeast corner of Club View Drive and Windlass Drive in the census-designated place of North Shore. The New Mecca Substation is located at the northeast corner of Hammond Road and Johnson Street in the unincorporated community of Mecca. The Niland substation is located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.

Project Description (brief): The proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project involves the construction and operation of a 20 Megawatt (MW) photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres of privately-owned land north of Niland. The proposed project would be comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. The proposed project also includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation to connect the proposed Wister Substation to the region’s telecommunications system.

The power produced by the proposed project would be conveyed to the local power grid via an on-site 92-kV substation, which will be tied directly to IID’s 92-kV transmission line. A gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the POI at the existing IID 92-kV “K” line. The project applicant has secured a Power Purchase Agreement with San Diego Gas and Electric for the sale of power from the project.

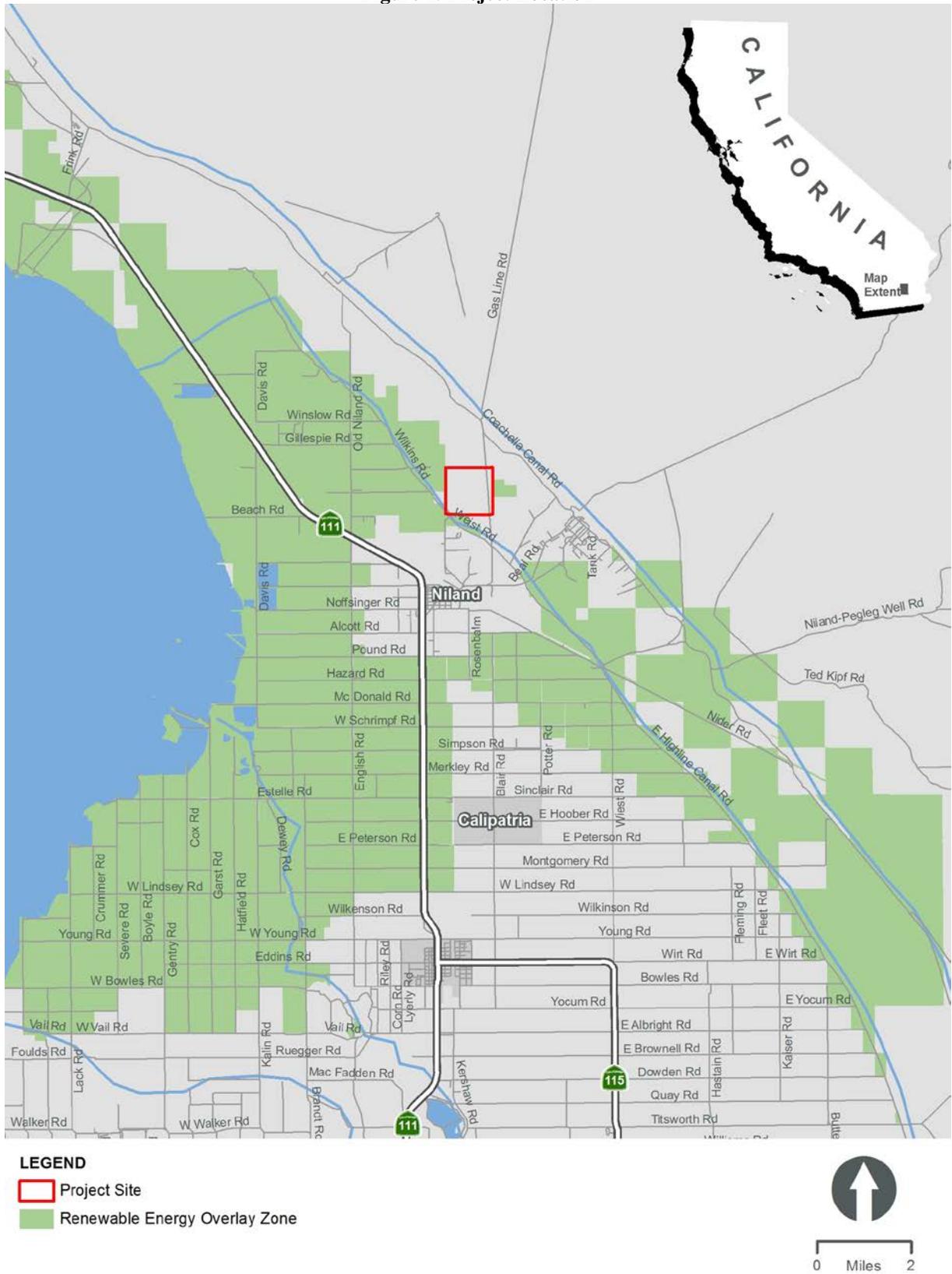
In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade ± 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation. This upgrade would consist of removal of the existing wood poles and installing new wood poles within the same disturbed right of way. In addition, the existing 795 all-aluminum conductor (AAC) conductor would be upgraded to 1033 AAC conductor, and new insulators, fittings, and hardware would be installed on the upgraded poles. IID would upgrade relay protection, control, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition, and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project.

Project Applicant: ORNI 21, LLC

Date		Signature	
		Title	
		Telephone	

Reference: California Administrative Code, Title 14, (CEQA Guidelines) Section 15082(a), 15103, 15375.

Figure 1. Project Location



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**NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF DRAFT EIR FOR WISTER SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY
PROJECT AND NOTICE OF PUBLIC EIR SCOPING MEETING**

The Imperial County Planning & Development Services Department intends to prepare an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project as described below. A public scoping meeting for the proposed EIR will be held by the Imperial County Planning & Development Services Department on November 14 at 6:00 P.M. The scoping meeting will be held at the Board of Supervisors Chambers, 2nd Floor, County Administration Center located at 940 Main Street, El Centro, CA 92243. Comments regarding the scope of the EIR will be accepted at this meeting.

SUBJECT: Wister Solar Energy Facility Project EIR

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS CONSIDERATION: To Be Determined.

PROJECT LOCATION: The Wister Solar Energy Facility Project consists of four primary components: 1) solar generation equipment and associated facilities (herein referred to as "solar energy facility"); 2) gen-tie line that would connect the proposed on-site substation to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the existing Imperial Irrigation District's (IID) 92-kilovolt (kV) "K" line; 3) fiberoptic cable; and, 4) upgrades to off-site IID facilities (92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation, and Niland substation). These components are collectively referred to as the "proposed project" or "project."

- **Solar Energy Facility and Gen-Tie Line.** The project site is located approximately three miles north of Niland, a census-designated place, in the unincorporated area of Imperial County. The project site is located on one parcel of land identified as Assessor's Parcel Number 003-240-001. The parcel is approximately 640 acres and is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). The proposed project would be located on approximately 100 acres within the northwest portion of the 640-acre parcel. The project site is located east of the intersection of Wilkins Road and an unnamed county road. The project footprint (where proposed project components are to be located) is generally located east of Wilkins Road, north of the East Highline Canal, and west of Gas Line Road. The project site is located outside of the Renewable Energy Overlay Zone.
- **Fiberoptic Cable.** The proposed project includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation, located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.
- **Off-Site IID Facilities.** The 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation is located north of the Salton Sea in southeastern Riverside County. The North Shore Substation is located at the northeast corner of Club View Drive and Windlass Drive in the census-designated place of North Shore. The New Mecca Substation is located at the northeast corner of Hammond Road and Johnson Street in the unincorporated community of Mecca. The Niland substation is located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project involves the construction and operation of a 20 Megawatt (MW) photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres of privately-owned land north of Niland. The proposed project would be comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. The proposed project also includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation to connect the proposed Wister Substation to the region's telecommunications system.

The power produced by the proposed project would be conveyed to the local power grid via an on-site 92-kV substation, which will be tied directly to the Imperial Irrigation District's 92-kV transmission line. A gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the Point of Interconnection at the existing IID 92-kV "K" line. The project applicant has secured a Power Purchase Agreement with San Diego Gas and Electric for the sale of power from the project.

In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade \pm 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation. This upgrade would consist of removal of the existing wood poles and installing new wood poles within the same disturbed right of way. In addition, the existing 795 all-aluminum conductor (AAC) conductor would be upgraded to 1033 AAC conductor, and new insulators, fittings, and hardware would be installed on the upgraded poles. IID would upgrade relay protection, control, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition, and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project.

PROJECT APPLICANT: ORNI 21, LLC

URBAN AREA PLAN: None, located in unincorporated area of County of Imperial

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS DISTRICT: District 4, Supervisor Ryan E. Kelley

ANTICIPATED SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS: The EIR will analyze potential impacts associated with the following: Aesthetics; Air Quality; Biological Resources; Cultural Resources; Paleontological Resources; Tribal Cultural Resources; Cumulative Impacts; Geology/Soils; Greenhouse Gas Emissions/Climate Change; Growth-inducing Impacts; Hydrology and Water Quality; Land Use and Planning; Transportation/Traffic; and Utilities and Service Systems including water supply.

COMMENTS REQUESTED: The Imperial County Planning & Development Services Department would like to know your ideas about the potential effects this project might have on the environment and your suggestions as to mitigation or ways the project may be revised to reduce or avoid any potentially significant environmental impacts. Your comments will guide the scope and content of potential environmental issues to be examined in the EIR. Your comments may be submitted in writing to Patricia Valenzuela, Imperial County Planning & Development Services Department, 801 Main Street, El Centro, CA 92243. Available project information may be reviewed at this location.

NOTICE OF PREPARATION REVIEW PERIOD: NOVEMBER 6, 2019 THROUGH DECEMBER 11, 2019

Project Description

3 Project Description

Chapter 3 provides a description of the Wister Solar Energy Project. This chapter also defines the goals and objectives of the proposed project, provides details regarding the individual components that together comprise the project, and identifies the discretionary approvals required for project implementation.

The proposed project consists of four primary components: 1) solar generation equipment and associated facilities (herein referred to as “solar energy facility”); 2) gen-tie line that would connect the proposed on-site substation to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the existing Imperial Irrigation District’s (IID) 92-kilovolt (kV) “K” line; 3) fiberoptic cable; and, 4) upgrades to off-site IID facilities.

3.1 Project Location

3.1.1 Solar Energy Facility and Gen-Tie Line

The project site is located approximately three miles north of Niland, a census-designated place, in the unincorporated area of Imperial County (Figure 3-1). The project site is located on one parcel of land identified as Assessor’s Parcel Number 003-240-001 (Figure 3-2). The parcel is approximately 640 acres and is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). The proposed project would be located on approximately 100 acres within the northwest portion of the 640-acre parcel. The project site is located east of the intersection of Wilkins Road and an unnamed county road. The project footprint (physical area where proposed project components are to be located) is generally located east of Wilkins Road, north of the East Highline Canal, and west of Gas Line Road.

3.1.2 Fiberoptic Cable

The proposed project includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation, located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.

3.1.3 Off-Site IID Facilities

In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade \pm 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore Substation. These facilities are located north of the Salton Sea in southeastern Riverside County. The North Shore Substation is located at the northeast corner of Club View Drive and Windlass Drive in the census-designated place of North Shore. The New Mecca Substation is located at the northeast corner of Hammond Road and Johnson Street in the unincorporated community of Mecca.

IID would also need to upgrade relay protection, control, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA), and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project. The Niland substation is located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.

3.1.4 Renewable Energy Overlay Zone

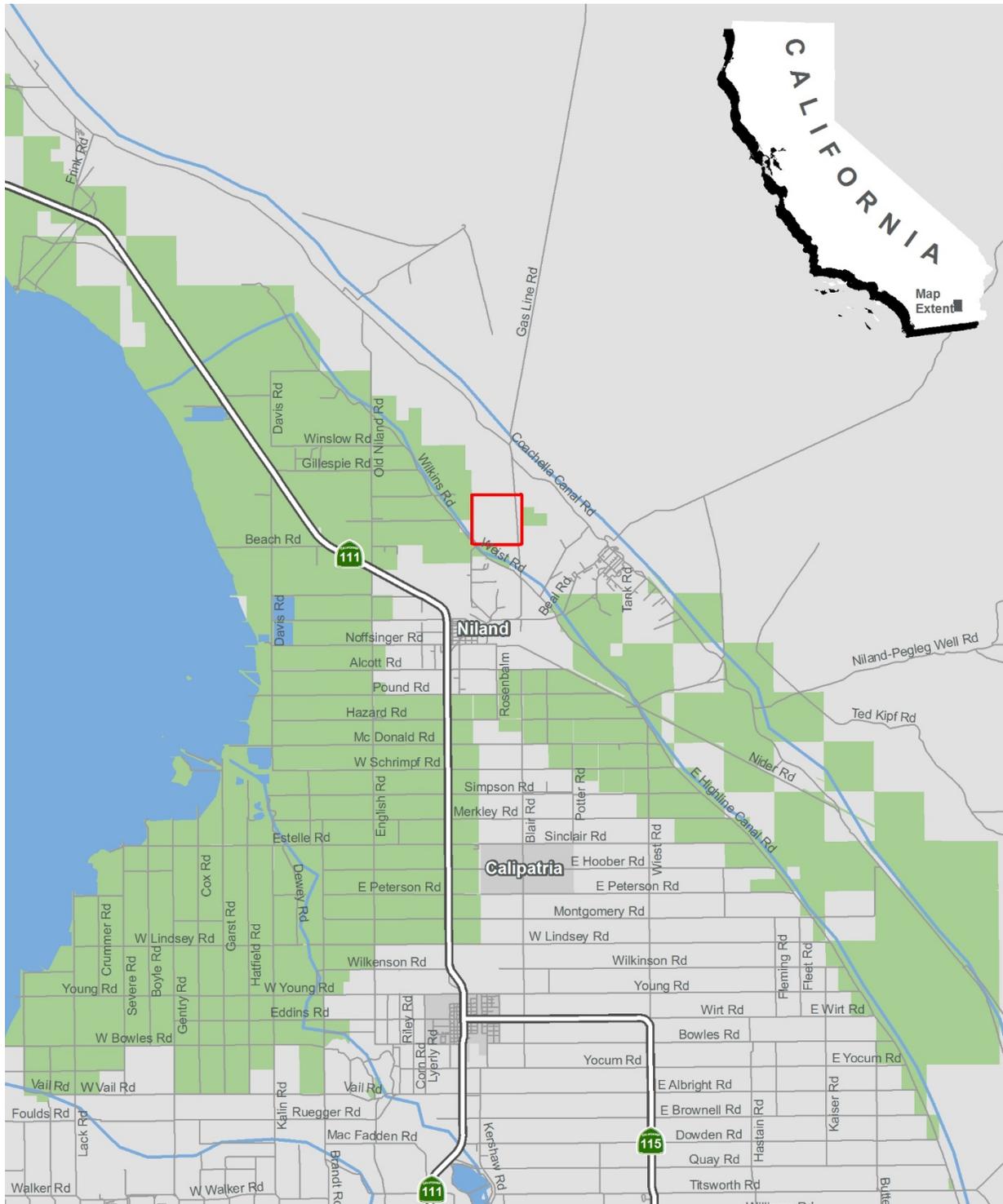
In 2016, the County adopted the Imperial County Renewable Energy and Transmission Element, which includes a RE Zone (RE Overlay Map). This General Plan element was created as part of the California Energy Commission Renewable Energy Grant Program to amend and update the County's General Plan to facilitate future development of renewable energy projects.

The County Land Use Ordinance, Division 17, includes the RE Overlay Zone, which authorizes the development and operation of renewable energy projects with an approved Conditional Use Permit (CUP). The RE Overlay Zone is concentrated in areas determined to be the most suitable for the development of renewable energy facilities while minimizing the impact on other established uses. CUP applications proposed for specific renewable energy projects not located in the RE Overlay Zone would not be allowed without an amendment to the RE Overlay Zone.

The County's General Plan and Land Use Ordinance allows for renewable energy projects proposed on land classified as a non-RE Overlay zone if the renewable energy project: 1) would be located adjacent to an existing RE Overlay Zone; 2) is not located in a sensitive area; 3) is located in proximity to renewable energy infrastructure; and, 4) and would not result in any significant environmental impacts.

As shown on Figure 3-1, the project site is located outside of the RE Overlay Zone. Therefore, the applicant is requesting a General Plan Amendment and Zone Change to add the project area to the County's RE Overlay Zone. No land use amendment is requested, and the underlying "Recreation" General Plan designation would remain.

Figure 3-1. Regional Location



LEGEND

-  Project Site
-  Renewable Energy Overlay Zone



Figure 3-2. Project Site



LEGEND
 Project Site



3.2 Project Objectives

- Construct, operate and maintain an efficient, economic, reliable, safe and environmentally sound solar-powered electricity generating facility.
- Help meet California's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) requirements, which require that by 2030, California's electric utilities are to obtain 50 percent of the electricity they supply from renewable sources.
- Generate renewable solar-generated electricity from proven technology, at a competitive cost, with low environmental impact, and deliver it to the local markets as soon as possible.
- Develop, construct, own and operate the Wister Solar Energy Facility, and ultimately sell its electricity and all renewable and environmental attributes to an electric utility purchaser under a long-term contract to meet California's RPS goals.
- Utilize a location that is in close proximity to an existing switching station and powerlines.
- Minimize and mitigate any potential impact to sensitive environmental resources within the project area.

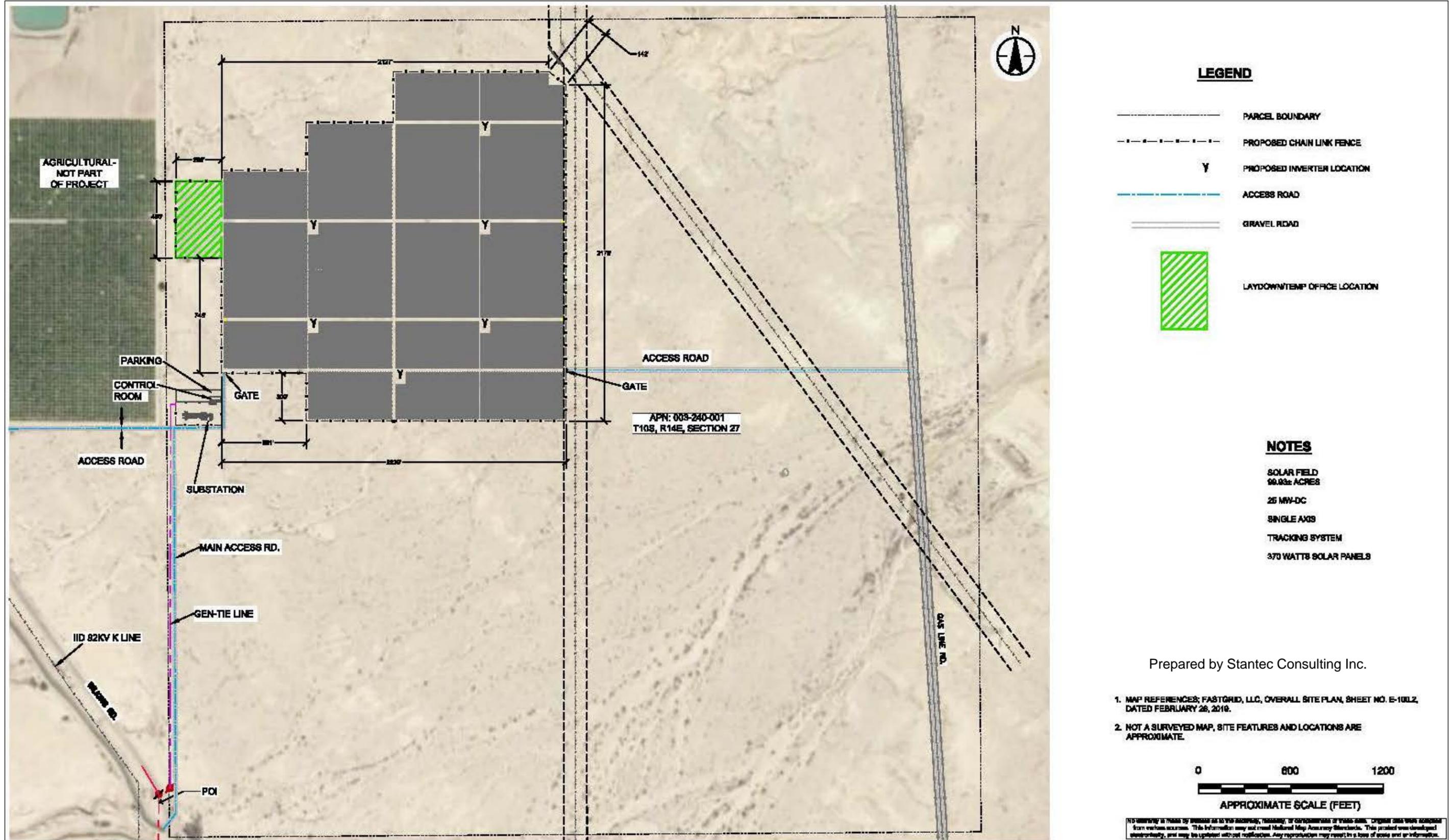
3.3 Project Characteristics

The proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project involves the construction and operation of a 20 Megawatt (MW) photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres of privately-owned land north of Niland. The proposed project would be comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. Figure 3-3 depicts the proposed site plan.

The power produced by the proposed project would be conveyed to the local power grid via an on-site 92-kV substation, which will be tied directly to the Imperial Irrigation District's 92-kV transmission line. A gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the POI at the existing IID 92-kV "K" line.

The project applicant has secured a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with San Diego Gas and Electric for the sale of power from the project.

Figure 3-3. Preliminary Site Plan



3.3.1 Photovoltaic Panels/Solar Arrays

PV solar cells convert sunlight directly into direct current (DC) electricity. The process of converting light (photons) to electricity (voltage) in a solid state process is called the photovoltaic effect. A number of individual PV cells are electrically arranged and connected into solar PV modules, sometimes referred to as solar panels.

The solar PV generating facility would consist of 3.5 foot by 4.8-foot PV modules (or panels) on single-axis horizontal trackers in blocks that each hold 2,520 PV panels. Figure 3-4 provides a representative example of single-axis horizontal trackers. The panels would be oriented from east to west for maximum exposure and the foundation would be designed based on soil conditions, with driven piles as the preferred method. The PV modules would be made of a poly-crystalline silicon semiconductor material encapsulated in glass. Installation of the PV arrays would include installation of mounting posts, module rail assemblies, PV modules, inverters, transformers and buried electrical conductors. Concrete would be required for the footings, foundations and pads for the transformers and substation work.

PV modules would be organized into electrical groups referred to as “blocks.” The proposed project would consist of 12 blocks. Every two blocks will be collected to an inverter and would typically encompass approximately 8 acres, including a pad for one transformer and one inverter. Approximately 96 acres of ground disturbance, including acreage for 12 blocks, is required for the proposed project. The proposed project would include design elements to reduce the potential glare impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors (e.g. local residents, aircraft, traveling public on adjacent County roads).

The electrical output from the PV modules would be low voltage DC power that would be collected and routed to a series of inverters and their associated pad-mounted transformers. Each array would have one inverter and one transformer, which are collectively known as a Power Conversion Station (PCS). The inverters would convert the DC power generated by the panels to AC power and the pad mounted transformers step up the voltage to a nominal level. The outputs from the transformers are grouped together in PV combining switchgear, which in turn supplies the switchyard, where the power is stepped up to 92-kV for interconnection with the transmission system.

Figure 3-4. Representative Example of Typical Single-Axis Tracking Solar Panels



3.3.2 Substation

The proposed Wister Substation would be a new 92/12-kV unstaffed, automated, low-profile substation. The dimensions of the fenced substation would be approximately 300 feet by 175 feet. The enclosed substation footprint would encompass approximately 1.2 acres of the approximately 640-acre project parcel. As shown on Figure 3-3, the proposed Wister Substation site would be located at the northwest quarter of the parcel, immediately southwest of the solar field. The California Building Code and the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 693, Recommended Practices for Seismic Design of Substations, will be followed for the substation's design, structures, and equipment. A representative example of a substation is presented on Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5. Representative Example of Typical Substation Design



3.3.3 Fiberoptic Cable

A proposed fiberoptic line from the proposed Wister Substation would be connected with the existing Niland Substation approximately two miles to the south, which would then be added to connect the proposed Wister Substation to the region's telecommunications system. Overall, this would provide Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA), protective relaying, data transmission, and telephone services for the proposed Wister Substation and associated facilities. New telecommunications equipment would be installed at the proposed Wister Substation within the Mechanical and Electrical Equipment Room (MEER). The proposed fiber optic telecommunications cable would utilize existing transmission lines to connect to the Niland Substation. The length of the proposed fiber optic telecommunications cable route would be approximately two miles.

3.3.4 Gen-Tie Line

As shown on Figure 3-3, a proposed gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the POI at the existing IID 92-kV "K" line. The proposed gen-tie line would originate at the proposed Wister

substation and would terminate at the POI, at a distance of approximately 2,500 feet to the south-southwest. Steel poles, standing at a maximum height of 70 feet tall, will be spaced approximately every 300 feet along the route, and would support the 92-kV conductor and fiberoptic cable to the POI. Construction of the 2,500-foot gen-tie line to the POI would utilize overland travel along the entire route.

3.3.5 Auxiliary Facilities

This section describes the auxiliary facilities that would be constructed and operated in conjunction with the solar facility.

Site Security and Fencing

The project site would be fenced with a 6-foot high chain link security fence topped with barbed wire. Points of ingress/egress would be accessed via locked gates.

Lighting System

Minimal lighting would be required for operations and would be limited to safety and security functions. All lighting would be directed downward and shielded to confine direct rays to the project site and muted to the maximum extent consistent with safety and operational necessity (Title 9, Division 17, Chapter 2: Specific Standards for all Renewable Energy Projects, of the County's Zoning Ordinance).

Access

A total of three access roads will service the proposed project. Access to the project site from the east would be located off Gas Line Road. Access to the project site from the west would include two routes: one route north from the southwest corner of the parcel off Wilkins Road (main access road), and another route off Wilkins Road just south of the existing orchard to the west of the project. These two access roads from the west would both lead to the same gate at the project site. All access roads would be constructed with an all-weather surface, to meet the County Fire Department's standards, and lead to a locked gate that can be opened by any emergency responders. Figure 3-3 illustrates the project site layout and access points.

An all-weather surface access road, to meet the County's standards, would surround the perimeter of the site, as well as around solar blocks no greater than 500 by 500 feet.

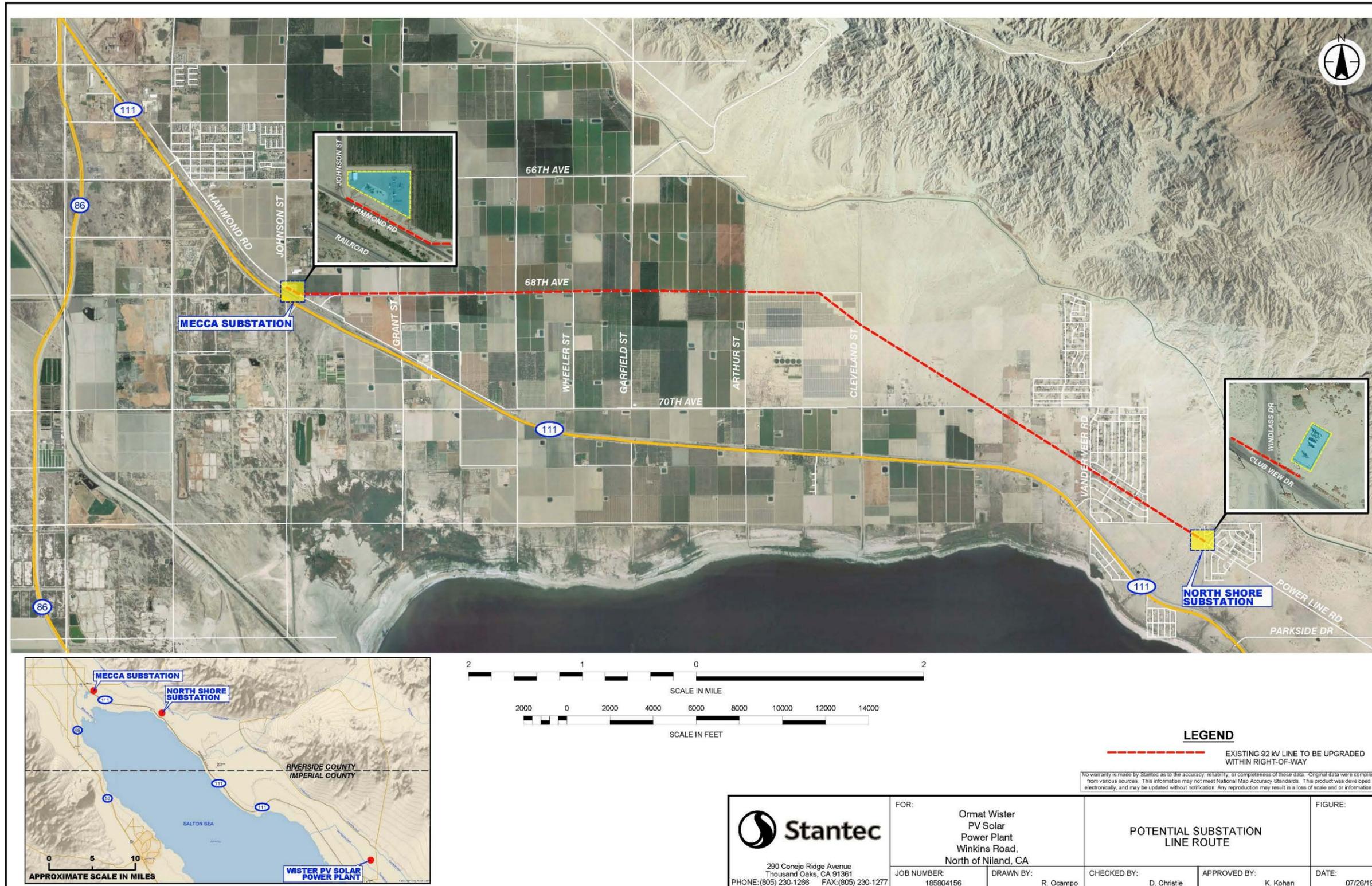
3.3.6 Upgrade of Existing IID 92-kV Line

In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade \pm 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation (Figure 3-6). This upgrade would consist of removal of the existing wood poles (Class C1) and installing new wood poles (Class H2) within the same disturbed right of way. In addition, the existing 795 AAC conductor would be upgraded to 1033 AAC conductor, and new insulators, fittings, and hardware would be installed on the upgraded poles.

3.3.7 New Mecca and Niland Substation Upgrades

IID would upgrade relay protection, control, SCADA, and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project.

Figure 3-6. Upgrade of IID's Existing 92-kV Line





3.4 Project Construction

3.4.1 Construction Sequence

Construction activities would be sequenced and conducted in a manner that addresses storm water management and soil conservation. During construction, electrical equipment would be placed in service at the completion of each 2,500-kW power-block. The activation of the power-blocks is turned over to interconnection following the installation of transformer and interconnection equipment upgrades. This in-service timing is critical because PV panels can produce power as soon as they are exposed to sunlight, and because the large number of blocks and the amount of time needed to commission each block requires commissioning to be integrated closely with construction on a block-by-block basis.

Construction would generally occur during daylight hours, Monday through Friday. However, non-daylight work hours may be necessary to make up schedule deficiencies, or to complete critical construction activities. For example, during hot weather, it may be necessary to start work earlier to avoid pouring concrete during high ambient temperatures. If construction is to occur outside of the County's specified working hours, permission in writing will be sought at the time. Construction of the proposed project would occur in phases beginning with site preparation and grading and ending with equipment setup and commencement of commercial operations. Overall, construction would consist of three major phases over a period of approximately 6-9 months:

1. Site Preparation, which includes clearing grubbing, grading, service roads, fences, drainage, and concrete pads; (1 month)
2. PV system installation and testing, which includes installation of mounting posts, assembling the structural components, mounting the PV modules, wiring; (7 months) and
3. Site clean-up and restoration. (1 month)

Construction activities would be conducted in a manner consistent with Imperial County Codified Ordinance. Noise generating sources in Imperial County are regulated under the County of Imperial Codified Ordinances, Title 9, Division 7 (Noise Abatement and Control). Noise limits are established in Chapter 2 of this ordinance. Under Section 90702.00 of this rule, average hourly noise in residential areas is limited to 50 to 55 dB(A) from 7 AM to 10 PM, and to 45 to 50 dB(A) from 10 PM to 7 AM.

3.4.2 Workforce

The on-site workforce would consist of laborers, electricians, supervisory personnel, support personnel and construction management personnel. The average number of construction workers would be approximately 50-60 people per day.

3.4.3 Materials

The proposed project would require general construction materials (i.e., concrete, wood, metal, fuel, etc.) as well as the materials necessary to construct the proposed PV arrays. Most construction waste is expected to be non-hazardous and to consist primarily of cardboard, wood pallets, copper wire, scrap steel, common trash and wood wire spools. Although field equipment used during construction activities could contain various hazardous materials (i.e., hydraulic oil, diesel fuel,

grease, lubricants, solvents, adhesives, paints, etc.), these materials are not considered to be acutely hazardous and would be used in accordance with the manufacturer’s specifications and all applicable regulations.

Each PV module would be constructed out of poly-crystalline silicon semiconductor material encapsulated in glass. Construction of the PV arrays will include installation of support beams, module rail assemblies, PV modules, inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. Concrete will be required for the footings, foundations, pads for transformers, and substation equipment. Concrete will be purchased from a local supplier and transported to the proposed project site by truck. The PCS housing the inverters will have a precast concrete base. Final concrete specifications will be determined during detailed design engineering in accordance with applicable building codes.

Table 3-1. Example Construction Equipment

Equipment	Use
1-ton crew trucks	Transport construction personnel
2-ton flatbed trucks; flatbed boom trucks	Haul and unload materials
Mechanic truck	Service and repair equipment
Aerial bucket trucks	Access poles, string conductor, and other uses
Shop vans	Store tools
Bulldozers	Grade pole sites; reclamation
Truck-mounted diggers or backhoes	Excavate
Small mobile cranes (12 tons)	Load and unload materials
Large mobile cranes (75 tons)	Erect structures
Transport	Haul poles and equipment
Drill rigs with augers	Excavate and install fences
Semi tractor-trailers	Haul structures and equipment
Splice trailers	Store splicing supplies
Air compressor	Operate air tools
Air tampers	Compact soil around structure foundations
Concrete trucks	Pour concrete
Dump trucks	Haul excavated materials/import backfill
Fuel and equipment fluid trucks	Refuel and maintain vehicles
Water trucks	Supress dust and fire

3.4.4 Site Preparation

Project construction would include the renovation of existing dirt roads to all-weather surfaces (to meet the County standards) from Wilkins Road just south of the orchard, and a new road would be graded west from Gas Line Road and a new road graded north from the southwest corner of the parcel off Wilkins Road. Construction of the proposed project would begin with clearing of existing brush and installation of fencing around the project boundary. A 20' road of engineering-approved aggregate will surround the site within the fencing.

Material and equipment staging areas would be established on-site within an approximate 4-acre area. The staging area would include an air-conditioned temporary construction office, a first-aid station and other temporary facilities including, but not limited to, sanitary facilities, worker parking, truck loading and unloading, and a designated area for assembling the support structures for the placement of PV modules. The location of the staging area would change as construction progresses throughout the project site. The project construction contractor would then survey, clear and grade road corridors in order to bring equipment, materials, and workers to the various areas under construction within the project site. Road corridors buried electrical lines, PV array locations and locations of other facilities may be flagged and staked in order to guide construction activities. In addition, water truck reloading stations would be established for dust control.

3.4.5 Start-up

PV system installation would include earthwork, grading and erosion control, as well as erection of the PV modules, mounting posts and associated electrical equipment. The PV modules require a moderately flat surface for installation and therefore some earthwork, including grading, fill, compaction and erosion control, may be required to accommodate the placement of PV arrays, concrete for foundations, access roads and/or drainage features. Construction of the PV arrays would be expected to take place at a rate of approximately 0.10 MW per day. Construction of the PV arrays would include installation of the mounting posts, module assemblies, PV modules, inverters, transformers and buried electrical conductors. The module assemblies would then be cut off at the appropriate heights since the center posts must be completely level. Field welding would be required to attach the module assemblies to the top of the mounting posts. Finally, the PV panels would be attached to the module assemblies. Heavy equipment lifters (e.g., forklift) would be required to get the module assemblies in position, while welding and cutting equipment would be necessary to cut off the posts at the appropriate height.

3.4.6 Construction Water Requirements

Approximately 20,000 to 30,000 gallons of water per day would initially be required for grading, dropping to much less for the remainder of the project construction. Construction water needs would be limited to earthwork, soil conditioning, dust suppression, and compaction efforts. During construction, water would be pulled from the East Highline Canal at the canal gate in the southwest corner of the project parcel.

3.4.7 Dust Suppression

The project would comply with all applicable air pollution control regulations. During the construction phase of the project, standard dust control measures would be used to mitigate emissions of fugitive dust. These may include watering or applying dust palliatives with low environmental toxicity to suppress dust during construction.

3.4.8 Clean-up and Demobilization

After construction is complete, all existing roads would be left in a condition equal to or better than their preconstruction condition. All other areas disturbed by construction activities would be recontoured and decompacted.

Waste materials and debris from construction areas would be collected, hauled away, and disposed of at approved landfill sites. Cleared vegetation would be shredded and distributed over the

disturbed site as mulch and erosion control or disposed of offsite, depending on agency agreements. Rocks removed during foundation excavation would be redistributed over the disturbed site to resemble adjacent site conditions. Interim reclamation would include re-contouring of impacted areas to match the surrounding terrain, and cleaning trash out of gullies. Equipment used could include a blader, front-end loader, tractor, and a dozer with a ripper.

A covered portable dumpster would be kept on site to contain any trash that can be blown away. After completion of the proposed project, the project engineer would complete a final walk-through and note any waste material left on site and any ruts or terrain damage or vegetation disturbance that has not been repaired.

3.5 Operations and Maintenance

Once fully constructed, the proposed project would be operated on an unstaffed basis and be monitored remotely, with periodic on-site personnel visitations for security, maintenance and system monitoring. Therefore, no full-time site personnel would be required on-site during operations and employees would only be on-site four times per year to wash the panels. As the project's PV arrays produce electricity passively, maintenance requirements are anticipated to be very minimal. Any required planned maintenance activities would generally consist of equipment inspection and replacement and would be scheduled to avoid peak load periods. Any unplanned maintenance would be responded to as needed, depending on the event.

Estimated annual water consumption for operation and maintenance of the proposed project, including periodic PV module washing, would be approximately 0.81-acre feet annually (af/y). Water would be pulled from the East Highline Canal at the canal gate in the southwest corner of the project parcel and trucked into the project site.

3.6 Facility Decommissioning

Solar equipment has a lifespan of approximately 20 to 25 years. At the end of the project's operation term, the applicant may determine that the project should be decommissioned and deconstructed. Should the project be decommissioned, concrete footings, foundations, and pads would be removed using heavy equipment and recycled at an off-site location. All remaining components would be removed, and all disturbed areas would be reclaimed and recontoured.

3.7 Required Project Approvals

3.7.1 Imperial County

The County would be required to approve the following pursuant to CEQA:

1. **Approval of Conditional Use Permit.** Implementation of the project would require the approval of a CUP by the County to allow for the construction and operation of the proposed solar energy facility project. The project site is located on one privately-owned legal parcel zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). Pursuant to Title 9, Division 5, Chapter 19, the following uses are permitted in the S-2 zone subject to approval of a CUP from Imperial County: Major facilities relating to the generation and transmission of electrical energy provided such facilities are not under State or Federal law, to approved exclusively by an agency, or agencies of the State or Federal government, and provided

such facilities shall be approved subsequent to coordination review of the Imperial Irrigation District for electrical matters. Such uses shall include but be limited to the following:

- Electrical generation plants
 - Facilities for the transmission of electrical energy (100-200 kV)
 - Electrical substations in an electrical transmission system (500 kv/230 kv/161 kV)
2. **General Plan Amendment.** An amendment to the County's General Plan, Renewable Energy and Transmission Element is required to implement the proposed project. CUP applications proposed for specific renewable energy projects not located in the RE Overlay Zone would not be allowed without an amendment to the RE Overlay Zone. The project site is located outside of the RE Overlay Zone; therefore, the applicant is requesting a General Plan Amendment to include/classify the project site into the RE Overlay Zone. No change in the underlying general plan land use is proposed.
 3. **Zone Change.** The project site is not located in the RE Overlay Zone; therefore, the applicant is requesting a zone change to include/classify the project site into the RE Overlay Zone.
 4. **Variance.** A variance is required to exceed the height limit for transmission towers within the S-2 zone. The existing S-2 zone allows a maximum height limit of 40 feet; whereas implementation of the project may involve the construction of transmission towers of up to 70 feet in height. Therefore, a variance for any structure exceeding the existing maximum height limit of 40 feet would be required.
 5. **Certification of the EIR.** After the required public review for the Draft EIR, the County will respond to written comments, edit the document, and produce a Final EIR to be certified by the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors prior to making a decision on the project.

Subsequent ministerial approvals may include, but are not limited to:

- Grading and clearing permits
- Building permits
- Reclamation plan
- Encroachment permits
- Transportation permit(s)

3.7.2 Discretionary Actions and Approvals by Other Agencies

Responsible Agencies are those agencies that have discretionary approval over one or more actions involved with development of the project. Trustee Agencies are state agencies that have discretionary approval or jurisdiction by law over natural resources affected by a project. These agencies may include, but are not limited to the following:

- California Regional Water Quality Control Board – Notice of Intent for General Construction Permit, Clean Water Act 401 Water Quality Certification
- Imperial County Air Pollution Control District – Fugitive Dust Control Plan, Rule 801 Compliance

- California Department of Fish and Wildlife Service (Trustee Agency) – Endangered Species Act Compliance, Section 1600 Streambed Alteration Agreement
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service – Endangered Species Act Compliance
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers – Section 404 of the Clean Water Act Permit

3.7.3 Potential Actions/Approvals by Other Agencies

The proposed off-site improvements (pole replacement and the fiber optic cable) may require actions or approvals by the following agencies:

- Imperial Irrigation District – for any approvals related to the fiber optic cable and IID 92-kV line upgrades
- County of Riverside – for any approvals that may be triggered by work necessary for the installation of that portion of the IID 92-kV line and substation upgrades located within County of Riverside jurisdiction

Initial Study



Initial Study and NOP

Wister Solar Energy Facility Project

Imperial County, CA

November 2019

Reviewed by:

County of Imperial

Planning & Development
Services Department

801 Main Street

El Centro, CA 92243

Prepared by:

HDR Engineering, Inc.

591 Camino de la Reina,
Suite 300

San Diego, CA 92108

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Introduction

A. Purpose

This document is a policy-level; project-level Initial Study for evaluation of potential environmental impacts resulting with the proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project.

B. CEQA Requirements and the Imperial County's Rules and Regulations for Implementing CEQA

As defined by Section 15063 of the State California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines and Section 7 of the County's Rules and Regulations for Implementing CEQA, an **Initial Study** is prepared primarily to provide the Lead Agency with information to use as the basis for determining whether an Environmental Impact Report (EIR), Negative Declaration, or Mitigated Negative Declaration would be appropriate for providing the necessary environmental documentation and clearance for any proposed project.

- According to Section 15065, an **EIR** is deemed appropriate for a particular proposal if the following conditions occur:
 - The proposal has the potential to substantially degrade quality of the environment.
 - The proposal has the potential to achieve short-term environmental goals to the disadvantage of long-term environmental goals.
 - The proposal has possible environmental effects that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable.
 - The proposal could cause direct or indirect adverse effects on human beings.
- According to Section 15070(a), a **Negative Declaration** is deemed appropriate if the proposal would not result in any significant effect on the environment.
- According to Section 15070(b), a **Mitigated Negative Declaration** is deemed appropriate if it is determined that though a proposal could result in a significant effect, mitigation measures are available to reduce these significant effects to insignificant levels.

This Initial Study has determined that the proposed applications will result in potentially significant environmental impacts and therefore, an Environmental Impact Report is deemed as the appropriate document to provide necessary environmental evaluations and clearance for the proposed project.

This Initial Study and Notice of Preparation are prepared in conformance with the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended (Public Resources Code, Section 21000 et. seq.); the State CEQA Guidelines & County of Imperial's CEQA Regulations, Guidelines for the Implementation of CEQA; applicable requirements of the County of Imperial; and the regulations, requirements, and procedures of any other responsible public agency or an agency with jurisdiction by law.

Pursuant to the County of Imperial's CEQA Regulations, Guidelines for the Implementation of CEQA, depending on the project scope, the County of Imperial Board of Supervisors, Planning

Commission and/or Planning Director is designated the Lead Agency, in accordance with Section 15050 of the CEQA Guidelines. The Lead Agency is the public agency which has the principal responsibility for approving the necessary environmental clearances and analyses for any project in the County.

C. Intended Uses of Initial Study and Notice of Preparation

This Initial Study and Notice of Preparation are informational documents which are intended to inform County of Imperial decision makers, other responsible or interested agencies, and the general public of potential environmental effects of the proposed applications. The environmental review process has been established to enable public agencies to evaluate environmental consequences and to examine and implement methods of eliminating or reducing any potentially adverse impacts. While CEQA requires that consideration be given to avoiding environmental damage, the Lead Agency and other responsible public agencies must balance adverse environmental effects against other public objectives, including economic and social goals.

The Initial Study and Notice of Preparation, prepared for the project will be circulated for a period of no less than 35 days for public and agency review and comments.

D. Contents of Initial Study and Notice of Preparation

This Initial Study is organized to facilitate a basic understanding of the existing setting and environmental implications of the proposed applications.

SECTION 1

I. INTRODUCTION presents an introduction to the entire report. This section discusses the environmental process, scope of environmental review, and incorporation by reference documents.

SECTION 2

II. ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM contains the County's Environmental Checklist Form. The checklist form presents results of the environmental evaluation for the proposed applications and those issue areas that would have either a significant impact, potentially significant impact, or no impact.

PROJECT SUMMARY, LOCATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTINGS describes the proposed project entitlements and required applications. A description of discretionary approvals and permits required for project implementation is also included. It also identifies the location of the project and a general description of the surrounding environmental settings.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS evaluates each response provided in the environmental checklist form. Each response checked in the checklist form is discussed and supported with sufficient data and analysis as necessary. As appropriate, each response discussion describes and identifies specific impacts anticipated with project implementation.

SECTION 3

III. MANDATORY FINDINGS presents Mandatory Findings of Significance in accordance with Section 15065 of the CEQA Guidelines.

E. Scope of Environmental Analysis

For evaluation of environmental impacts, each question from the Environmental Checklist Form is summarized and responses are provided according to the analysis undertaken as part of the Initial Study. Impacts and effects will be evaluated and quantified, when appropriate. To each question, there are four possible responses, including:

1. No Impact: A “No Impact” response is adequately supported if the impact simply does not apply to the proposed applications.
2. Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed applications will have the potential to impact the environment. These impacts, however, will be less than significant; no additional analysis is required.
3. Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated: This applies where incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from “Potentially Significant Impact” to a “Less Than Significant Impact.”
4. Potentially Significant Impact: The proposed applications could have impacts that are considered significant. Additional analyses and possibly an EIR could be required to identify mitigation measures that could reduce these impacts to less than significant levels.

F. Policy-Level or Project-Level Environmental Analysis

This Initial Study will be conducted under a policy-level, project-level analysis.

Regarding mitigation measures, it is not the intent of this document to “overlap” or restate conditions of approval that are commonly established for future known projects or the proposed applications. Additionally, those other standard requirements and regulations that any development must comply with, that are outside the County’s jurisdiction, are also not considered mitigation measures, and therefore, will not be identified in this document.

G. Tiered Documents and Incorporation by Reference

Information, findings, and conclusions contained in this document are based on incorporation by reference of tiered documentation, which are discussed in the following section.

1. Tiered Documents

As permitted in Section 15152(a) of the CEQA Guidelines, information and discussions from other documents can be included into this document. Tiering is defined as follows:

“Tiering refers to using the analysis of general matters contained in a broader EIR (such as the one prepared for a general plan or policy statement) with later EIRs and negative declarations on narrower projects; incorporating by reference the general discussions from the broader EIR; and concentrating the later EIR or negative declaration solely on the issues specific to the later project.”

Tiering also allows this document to comply with Section 15152(b) of the CEQA Guidelines, which discourages redundant analyses, as follows:

“Agencies are encouraged to tier the environmental analyses which they prepare for separate but related projects including the general plans, zoning changes, and development

projects. This approach can eliminate repetitive discussion of the same issues and focus the later EIR or negative declaration on the actual issues ripe for decision at each level of environmental review. Tiering is appropriate when the sequence of analysis is from an EIR prepared for a general plan, policy or program to an EIR or negative declaration for another plan, policy, or program of lesser scope, or to a site-specific EIR or negative declaration.”

Further, Section 15152(d) of the CEQA Guidelines states:

“Where an EIR has been prepared and certified for a program, plan, policy, or ordinance consistent with the requirements of this section, any lead agency for a later project pursuant to or consistent with the program, plan, policy, or ordinance should limit the EIR or negative declaration on the later project to effects which:

- (1) Were not examined as significant effects on the environment in the prior EIR; or
- (2) Are susceptible to substantial reduction or avoidance by the choice of specific revisions in the project, by the imposition of conditions, or other means.”

2. Incorporation by Reference

Incorporation by reference is a procedure for reducing the size of EIRs/MND and is most appropriate for including long, descriptive, or technical materials that provide general background information, but do not contribute directly to the specific analysis of the project itself. This procedure is particularly useful when an EIR or Negative Declaration relies on a broadly-drafted EIR for its evaluation of cumulative impacts of related projects (*Las Virgenes Homeowners Federation v. County of Los Angeles* [1986, 177 Ca.3d 300]). If an EIR or Negative Declaration relies on information from a supporting study that is available to the public, the EIR or Negative Declaration cannot be deemed unsupported by evidence or analysis (*San Francisco Ecology Center v. City and County of San Francisco* [1975, 48 Ca.3d 584, 595]).

When an EIR or Negative Declaration incorporates a document by reference, the incorporation must comply with Section 15150 of the CEQA Guidelines as follows:

- The incorporated document must be available to the public or be a matter of public record (CEQA Guidelines Section 15150[a]). The General Plan EIR is available, along with this document, at the County of Imperial Planning & Development Services Department, 801 Main Street, El Centro, CA 92243 Ph. (442) 265-1736.
- This document must be available for inspection by the public at an office of the lead agency (CEQA Guidelines Section 15150[b]). These documents are available at the County of Imperial Planning & Development Services Department, 801 Main Street, El Centro, CA 92243, Ph. (442) 265-1736.
- These documents must summarize the portion of the document being incorporated by reference or briefly describe information that cannot be summarized. Furthermore, these documents must describe the relationship between the incorporated information and the analysis in the tiered documents (CEQA Guidelines Section 15150[c]). As discussed above, the tiered EIRs address the entire project site and provide background and inventory information and data which apply to the project site. Incorporated information and/or data will be cited in the appropriate sections.



- These documents must include the State identification number of the incorporated documents (CEQA Guidelines Section 15150[d]). The State Clearinghouse Number for the 'County of Imperial General Plan EIR is SCH #93011023.

The material to be incorporated in this document will include general background information (CEQA Guidelines Section 15150[f])

Environmental Checklist Form

1. **Project Title:** Wister Solar Energy Facility Project
2. **Lead Agency name and address:** Imperial County Planning & Development Services Department, 801 Main Street, El Centro, CA 92243
3. **Contact person and phone number:** Patricia Valenzuela, Planner IV, 442-265-1749
4. **Project location:** The Wister Solar Energy Facility Project consists of four primary components: 1) solar generation equipment and associated facilities (herein referred to as “solar energy facility”); 2) gen-tie line that would connect the proposed on-site substation to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the existing Imperial Irrigation District’s (IID) 92 kilovolt (kV) “K” line; 3) fiberoptic cable; and, 4) upgrades to off-site IID facilities (92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation, and Niland substation). These components are collectively referred to as the “proposed project” or “project.”
 - **Solar Energy Facility and Gen-Tie Line.** The project site is located approximately three miles north of Niland, a census-designated place, in the unincorporated area of Imperial County (Figure 1). The project site is located on one parcel of land identified as Assessor’s Parcel Number 003-240-001 (Figure 2). The parcel is approximately 640 acres and is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). The proposed project would be located on approximately 100 acres, in the northwest portion of the 640-acre parcel. The project site is located east of the intersection of Wilkins Road and an unnamed county road. The project footprint (where proposed project components are to be located) is generally located east of Wilkins Road, north of the East Highline Canal, and west of Gas Line Road.
 - **Fiberoptic Cable.** The proposed project includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation, located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.
 - **Off-Site IID Facilities.** The 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation is located north of the Salton Sea in southeastern Riverside County. The North Shore Substation is located at the northeast corner of Club View Drive and Windlass Drive in the census-designated place of North Shore. The New Mecca Substation is located at the northeast corner of Hammond Road and Johnson Street in the unincorporated community of Mecca. The Niland substation is located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.
5. **Project sponsor's name and address:** ORNI 21, LLC, 6140 Plumas Street, Reno, Nevada 89519
6. **General Plan designation:** Recreation
7. **Zoning:** Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G)
8. **Description of project:** The proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project involves the construction and operation of a 20 Megawatt (MW) photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres of privately-owned land north of Niland. The proposed project would be comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. The proposed

project also includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation to connect the proposed Wister Substation to the region's telecommunications system.

The power produced by the proposed project would be conveyed to the local power grid via an on-site 92-kV substation, which will be tied directly to IID's 92-kV transmission line. A gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the POI at the existing IID 92-kV "K" line. The project applicant has secured a Power Purchase Agreement with San Diego Gas and Electric for the sale of power from the project.

In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade \pm 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation. This upgrade would consist of removal of the existing wood poles and installing new wood poles within the same disturbed right of way. In addition, the existing 795 all-aluminum conductor (AAC) conductor would be upgraded to 1033 AAC conductor, and new insulators, fittings, and hardware would be installed on the upgraded poles. IID would upgrade relay protection, control, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition, and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings: The project site is generally surrounded to the north, east, and south by vacant land. A private road and the East Highline Canal border the project site to the south. Existing transmission lines border the project site to the east. An agricultural field lies to the northwest of the project site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):

- Department of Public Works – Ministerial permits (building, grading, encroachment)
- Imperial County Air Pollution Control District – Fugitive dust control plan, Authority to construct
- California Regional Water Quality Control Board – Notice of Intent for General Construction Permit

11. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

Yes, the Torrez Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians and Quechan Indian Tribe. These tribes were sent an AB 52 and SB 18 consultation request letter.

Environmental Factors Potentially Affected

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aesthetics | <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture and Forestry Resources | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Air Quality |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biological Resources | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cultural Resources | <input type="checkbox"/> Energy |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geology/Soils | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Greenhouse Gas Emissions | <input type="checkbox"/> Hazards & Hazardous Materials |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrology / Water Quality | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land Use/Planning | <input type="checkbox"/> Mineral Resources |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Noise | <input type="checkbox"/> Population/Housing | <input type="checkbox"/> Public Services |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Recreation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tribal Cultural Resources |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Utilities/Service Systems | <input type="checkbox"/> Wildfire | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mandatory Findings of Significance |

Environmental Evaluation Committee Determination

After Review of the Initial Study, the Environmental Evaluation Committee (EEC) has:

- Found that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Found that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Found that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- Found that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
- Found that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME DE MINIMIS IMPACT FINDING:

Yes No

EEC VOTES	YES	NO	ABSENT
PUBLIC WORKS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
OFFICE EMERGENCY SERVICES	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
APCD	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
AG	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SHERIFF DEPARTMENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ICPDS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Signature

Date:

Project Summary

Project Location

The Wister Solar Energy Facility Project consists of four primary components: 1) solar generation equipment and associated facilities (herein referred to as “solar energy facility”); 2) gen-tie line that would connect the proposed on-site substation to the POI at the existing IID’s 92-kV “K” line; 3) fiberoptic cable; and, 4) upgrades to off-site IID facilities (92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation, and Niland substation). These components are collectively referred to as the “proposed project” or “project.”

- **Solar Energy Facility and Gen-Tie Line.** The project site is located approximately three miles north of Niland, a census-designated place, in the unincorporated area of Imperial County (Figure 1). The project site is located on one parcel of land identified as Assessor’s Parcel Number 003-240-001 (Figure 2). The parcel is approximately 640 acres and is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). The proposed project would be located on approximately 100 acres, in the northwest portion of the 640-acre parcel. The project site is located east of the intersection of Wilkins Road and an unnamed county road. The project footprint (where proposed project components are to be located) is generally located east of Wilkins Road, north of the East Highline Canal, and west of Gas Line Road.
- **Fiberoptic Cable.** The proposed project includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation, located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.
- **Off-Site IID Facilities.** The 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation is located north of the Salton Sea in southeastern Riverside County. The North Shore Substation is located at the northeast corner of Club View Drive and Windlass Drive in the census-designated place of North Shore. The New Mecca Substation is located at the northeast corner of Hammond Road and Johnson Street in the unincorporated community of Mecca. The Niland substation is located at 402 Beal Road in Niland.

Project Summary

The proposed Wister Solar Energy Facility Project involves the construction and operation of a 20 MW PV solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres of privately-owned land north of Niland. The proposed project would be comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. The proposed project also includes approximately two miles of fiberoptic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation to connect the proposed Wister Substation to the region’s telecommunications system.

The power produced by the proposed project would be conveyed to the local power grid via an on-site 92-kV substation, which will be tied directly to IID’s 92-kV transmission line. A gen-tie line would connect the Wister substation to the POI at the existing IID 92-kV “K” line. The project applicant has secured a Power Purchase Agreement with San Diego Gas and Electric for the sale of power from the project.

In order to support the proposed project, IID will need to upgrade ± 5 miles of the existing 92-kV line from New Mecca to the North Shore substation. This upgrade would consist of removal of the existing wood poles and installing new wood poles within the same disturbed right of way. In addition, the existing 795 AAC conductor would be upgraded to 1033 AAC conductor, and new insulators, fittings, and hardware would be installed on the upgraded poles. IID would upgrade relay protection, control, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition, and telecommunication capabilities for the 92-kV gen-tie and terminals at the New Mecca and Niland substations in support of the project.

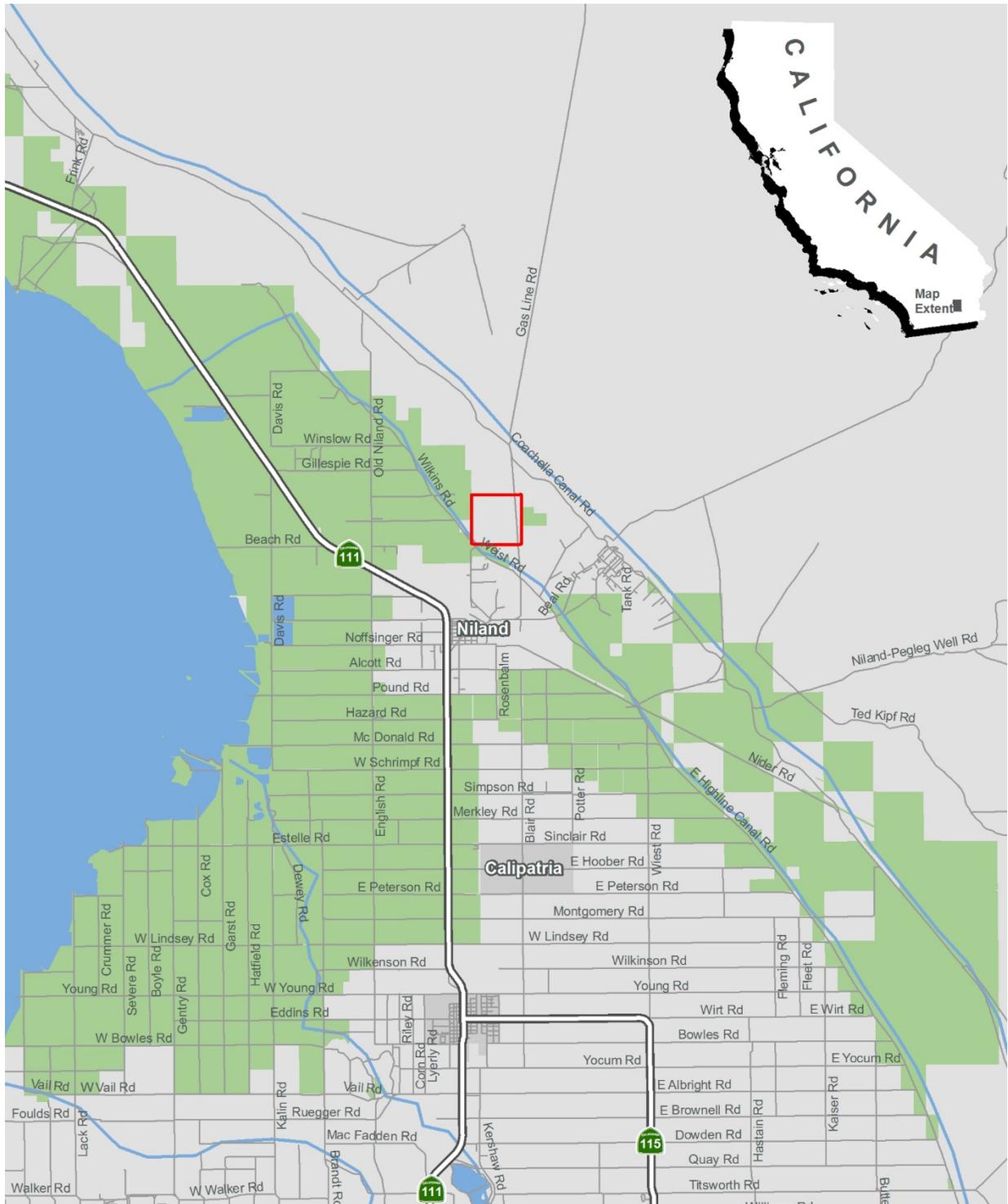
Environmental Setting

The project site is generally surrounded to the north, east, and south by vacant land. A private road and the East Highline Canal border the project site to the south. Existing transmission lines border the project site to the east. An agricultural field lies to the northwest of the project site.

General Plan Consistency

The proposed project is located within the unincorporated area of Imperial County. The existing General Plan land use designation is "Recreation." The project site is currently zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). Construction of a solar facility would be allowed within the existing zoning under a Conditional Use Permit.

Figure 1. Regional Location



LEGEND

- Project Site
- Renewable Energy Overlay Zone



Figure 2. Project Site



LEGEND

 Project Site



0 Feet 2,000

Evaluation of Environmental Impacts

1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors, as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

7. Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used, or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
8. This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
9. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

I. Aesthetics

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic building within a state scenic highway?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** The project site is not located within an area that has been formally designated as a federal, state, or county scenic vista. No scenic vistas or areas with high visual quality would be disrupted. Thus, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- b) **No Impact.** According to the Caltrans California Scenic Highway Mapping System (Caltrans 2011), the project site is not located within a state scenic highway corridor, nor are there any state scenic highways located in proximity to the project site.
- c) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Although the project is not located near a scenic highway or designated scenic vista, the proposed project may result in a change to the look and rural character of the area. A potentially significant impact is identified, and this issue will be addressed in the EIR.
- d) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The proposed project would not include any source of substantial nighttime lighting. Any lighting required for safety and security within the project site would be shielded and oriented downward. The project is located in a rural undeveloped area of Imperial County. There are no established residential neighborhoods immediately adjacent to the project site. The Chocolate Mountains are located to the north and east of the project site. The Chocolate Mountains are used by the United States Marine Corps for training purposes. Although the solar panels will be constructed of low reflective materials, the potential for glare to impact United States Marine Corps aircraft will be analyzed further in the EIR. Therefore, a potentially significant impact is identified for this issue area.

II. Agriculture and Forestry Resources

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<p><i>In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:</i></p>				
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** According to the farmland maps prepared by the California Department of Conservation (2016), the project site is not designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. The proposed project would not convert Important Farmland. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- b) **No Impact.** The project site is currently designated by the General Plan as "Recreation" and is zoned Open Space/Preservation with a geothermal overlay (S-2-G). According to the 2016/2017 Imperial County Williamson Act Map produced by the California Department of Conservation's Division of Land Resource



Protection, the project site is not located on Williamson Act contracted land. The proposed project has no potential to conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act contract. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.

- c) **No Impact.** There are no existing forest lands, timberlands, or timberland zoned “Timberland Production” either on site or in the immediate vicinity that would conflict with existing zoning or cause rezoning. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- d) **No Impact.** There are no existing forest lands either on site or in the immediate vicinity of the project site. The proposed project would not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- e) **No Impact.** As discussed in Response II. a) above, the project site does not contain any lands mapped by the California Department of Conservation as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. The project site is not used for agricultural production. Implementation of the proposed project would not convert any farmland to non-agricultural uses. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.

III. Air Quality

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations.</i>				
<i>Would the project:</i>				
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors adversely affecting a substantial number of people)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project site is located within the jurisdiction of Imperial County Air Pollution Control District in the Salton Sea Air Basin. Construction of the project would create temporary emissions of dust, fumes, equipment exhaust, and other air contaminants that may conflict with the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District's rules and regulations. No station source emissions are proposed from the project; however, temporary construction emissions have the potential to result in a significant air quality impact.
- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Currently, the Salton Sea Air Basin is either in attainment or unclassified for all federal and state air pollutant standards, with the exception of O₃ (8-hour) and PM₁₀ (total suspended particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter). Air pollutants transported into the Salton Sea Air Basin from the adjacent South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles County, San Bernardino County, Orange County, and Riverside County) and Mexicali (Mexico) substantially contribute to the non-attainment conditions in the Salton Sea Air Basin. A potentially significant impact is identified for this issue area. An air quality impact study that will address the proposed project's potential air quality impacts will be prepared and included in the EIR analysis.
- c) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project site is located in a rural agricultural area of Imperial County. Sensitive receptors located within one mile of the project site consist of a few scattered rural homes along Wilkins Road. This issue will be addressed in the air quality impact study and EIR analysis.
- d) **No Impact.** Land uses commonly considered to be potential sources of odorous emissions include wastewater treatment plants, sanitary landfills, food processing facilities, chemical manufacturing plants, rendering plants, paint/coating operations, and concentrated agricultural feeding operations and dairies. The construction and operation of a solar facility is not an odor producer and the project site is not located near an odor producer. No impact is identified for this issue area.

IV. Biological Resources

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of wildlife nursery sites?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project site has the potential to support native habitats and/or sensitive species. Burrowing owls and burrows are commonly found along canals and drains. Although there are no IID canals located within the project site, access roads, canals, and other drainages are located in the project vicinity. Flat-tailed horned lizard may also have the potential to occur on the project site. Thus, a potentially significant impact is identified for this issue area. A biological resources technical study that will address the proposed project's potential impacts on biological resources will be prepared and included in the EIR analysis.

- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Blue palo verde – ironwood woodland occurs in the northwest portion of the project site. This vegetation community is considered a sensitive natural community by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). The proposed project could potentially result in direct or indirect impacts to this vegetation community. Thus, a potentially significant impact is identified for this issue area. A biological resources technical study that will address the proposed project's potential impacts on biological resources will be prepared and included in the EIR analysis.
- c) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project site contains braided drainage channels that could potentially be considered jurisdictional waters by CDFW and United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). A jurisdictional waters/wetlands delineation report will be prepared and included in the EIR analysis.
- d) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Refer to Response IV. a) above.
- e) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Refer to Response IV. a) above.
- f) **No Impact.** The project site is not located in a Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impact is identified for this issue area.

V. Cultural Resources

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project parcel is currently vacant land. Road construction, off-road activity and the construction of the Coachella Canal have disturbed the project parcel to varying degrees. Thus, the presence of significant or undamaged cultural resources on the site is unlikely; however, cultural resources have been identified in proximity to the site. Although the proposed project is not expected to cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource or archaeological resource, this issue will be analyzed further in the EIR. Therefore, a potentially significant impact is identified for this issue area. A cultural resources report that will address the proposed project's potential impacts on historic and prehistoric resources will be prepared and included in the EIR analysis.
- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Refer to Response V. a) above.
- c) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Although unlikely, there is a potential for unknown human remains to be unearthed during earthwork activities. This issue is potentially significant and will be discussed in the EIR.

VI. Energy

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Less than Significant Impact.** The use of energy associated with the project include both construction and operational activities. Construction activities consume energy through the use of heavy construction equipment and truck and worker traffic. The proposed project will use energy-conserving construction equipment, including standard mitigation measures for construction combustion equipment recommended in the Imperial County Air Pollution Control District (ICAPCD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook. The use of better engine technology, in conjunction with the ICAPCD's standard mitigation measures will reduce the amount of energy used for the project.

Implementation and operation of the proposed project would promote the use of renewable energy and contribute incrementally to the reduction in demand for fossil fuel use for electricity-generating purposes. The project would generate renewable energy resources and is considered a beneficial effect.

Based on these considerations, the proposed project would not result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation. This is considered a less than significant impact.

- b) **No Impact.** The project will help California meet its Renewable Portfolio Standard of 50 percent of retail electricity sales from renewable sources by the end of 2030. The electricity generation process associated with the project would utilize solar technology to convert sunlight directly into electricity. Solar PV technology is consistent with the definition of an "eligible renewable energy resource" in Section 399.12 of the California Public Utilities Code and the definition of "in-state renewable electricity generation facility" in Section 25741 of the California Public Resource Code. The proposed project would not conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. No Impact is identified for this issue area.

VII. Geology and Soils

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Would the project:</i>				
a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury or death involving:				
i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
iv. Landslides?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risk to life or property?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- ai) **No Impact.** The project site is not located within a State of California, Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- a ii) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The project site is located within a seismically-active zone in Southern California and considered likely to be subjected to moderate to strong ground motion from earthquakes in the region. The project site could be affected by the occurrence of seismic activity to some degree but no more than the surrounding properties. A potentially significant impact has been identified for this issue, and it will be evaluated in the EIR.
- a iii) **Less than Significant Impact.** Liquefaction occurs when granular soil below the water table is subjected to vibratory motions, such as produced by earthquakes. With strong ground shaking, an increase in pore water pressure develops as the soil tends to reduce in volume. If the increase in pore water pressure is sufficient to reduce the vertical effective stress (suspending the soil particles in water), the soil strength decreases, and the soil behaves as a liquid (similar to quicksand). Liquefaction can produce excessive settlement, ground rupture, lateral spreading, or failure of shallow bearing foundations.

Four conditions are generally required for liquefaction to occur:

- 1) The soil must be saturated (relatively shallow groundwater).
- 2) The soil must be loosely packed (low to medium relative density).
- 3) The soil must be relatively cohesionless (not clayey).
- 4) Groundshaking of sufficient intensity must occur to function as a trigger mechanism.

The project site is not located within a current, mapped California Liquefaction Hazard Zone. In addition, groundwater in the site vicinity is expected to be approximately greater than 49 feet below the ground surface. Based on the near surface soil conditions and depth to groundwater, the potential for liquefaction is low. This is considered a less than significant impact.

- a iv) **No Impact.** According to Figure 2: Landslide Activity in the Seismic and Public Safety Element of the General Plan, the project site is not located in an area that is prone to landslide hazards. Furthermore, the project site and surrounding area is relatively flat. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- b) **Less than Significant Impact.** Soil erosion can result during construction as grading and construction can loosen surface soils and make soils susceptible to wind and water movement across the surface. Impacts are not considered significant because erosion would be controlled on-site in accordance with Imperial County standards including preparation, review, and approval of a grading plan by the Imperial County Engineer. Implementation of Imperial County standards would reduce the potential impacts to below a level of significance.
- c) **Less than Significant Impact.** As discussed in Response VII. a iv) above, the project site and surrounding area is relatively flat and is not located in an area that is prone to landslide hazards.

Due to the low potential for liquefaction, the depth of groundwater, and the fact that the project site is not located near free faces or bodies of water, the potential for lateral spreading is considered low.

The project site is not located within a mapped area of known land subsidence. Due to the depth of groundwater and the fact that the project site is not located in a mapped subsidence area, the potential for subsidence is considered low.

As discussed in Response VII. a iii) above, the potential for liquefaction is low.

Based on these considerations, the project site is not located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project. This is considered a less than significant impact.

- d) **Less than Significant Impact.** The soils on the project site are mostly sandy soils whose expansion potential is considered low. This is considered a less than significant impact.
- e) **No Impact.** The proposed project would not require an operations and maintenance building. The proposed solar facility would be remotely operated, controlled and monitored and with no requirement for daily on-site employees. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.
- f) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Many paleontological fossil sites are recorded in Imperial County and have been discovered during construction activities. Paleontological resources are typically impacted when earthwork activities, such as mass excavation cut into geological deposits (formations) with buried fossils. It is not known if any paleontological resources are located on the project site. The project's potential to impact paleontological resources will be addressed in the EIR.

VIII. Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The proposed project has the potential to generate greenhouse gas emissions during construction, in addition to construction worker trips to and from the project site. A potentially significant impact is identified and will be evaluated in the EIR. In the long-term, the project is expected to provide a benefit with respect to reduction of greenhouse gas emissions. An air quality/ greenhouse gas emissions study will be prepared for the proposed project, and this issue will be addressed in the EIR.
- b) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project would help the state meet this goal by generating up to 20 MW of power to California's current renewable portfolio. Therefore, in this regard, the project would help the state meet its goals under AB 32. Neither the County of Imperial or ICAPCD have any specific plans, policies, nor regulations adopted for reducing the emissions of GHGs; however, since the long-term operational GHG emissions are minimal and the construction emissions are short-term, the project would not conflict with any applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for reducing the emissions of GHGs. Implementation of the proposed project would result in a less than significant impact associated with the potential to conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emission of GHG.

IX. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Would the project:</i>				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the likely release of hazardous materials into the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Less than Significant Impact.** Construction of the project will involve the limited use of hazardous materials, such as fuels and greases to fuel and service construction equipment. No extremely hazardous substances are anticipated to be produced, used, stored, transported, or disposed of as a result of project construction. No operations and maintenance facilities, or habitable structures are proposed on-site. Operation of the project will be conducted remotely. Regular, routine maintenance of the project may result in the potential to handle hazardous materials. However, the hazardous materials handled on-site would be limited to small amounts of everyday use cleaners and common chemicals used for maintenance. The applicant will be required to comply with State laws and County Ordinance restrictions, which regulate and

control hazardous materials handled on-site. Such hazardous wastes would be transported off-site for disposal according to applicable State and County restrictions and laws governing the disposal of hazardous waste during construction and operation of the project. Therefore, this is considered a less than significant impact.

- b) **Less than Significant Impact.** Refer to response X. a) above.
- c) **No Impact.** The project site is not located within 0.25 mile of an existing or proposed school. No impact is identified for this issue area.
- d) **No Impact.** Based on a review of the Cortese List conducted in October 2019, the project site is not listed as a hazardous materials site. No impact is identified for this issue area.
- e) **No Impact.** The project site is not located within two miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in airport hazards for people residing or working in the project area.
- f) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project is not expected to impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The project applicant will be required, through the conditions of approval, to prepare a street improvement plan for the project that will include emergency access points and safe vehicular travel. In addition, local building codes would be followed to minimize flood, seismic, and fire hazard. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less than significant impact associated with the possible impediment to emergency plans.
- g) **Less than Significant Impact.** The project site is located in the unincorporated area of Imperial County. According to the Seismic and Public Safety Element of the General Plan, the potential for a major fire in the unincorporated areas of the County is generally low. This is considered a less than significant impact.

X. Hydrology and Water Quality

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				
i. result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site;	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ii. substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite;	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
iii. create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
iv. impede or redirect flood flows?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The proposed project has the potential to create urban non-point source discharge (e.g., synthetic/organic chemicals). Potentially significant water quality impacts have been identified and will be addressed in the EIR.
- b) **Less than Significant Impact.** During construction, potable water would be brought to the site for drinking and domestic needs, while construction water would be brought to the site for soil conditioning and dust

suppression. During operations, potable water would be trucked onto the project site. Because the solar panels will be pole-mounted above ground, they are not considered “hardscape”, such as roads, building foundations, or parking areas, as they do not require a substantial amount of impervious material. The panels and their mounting foundation would not impede groundwater recharge. Impacts would be less than significant.

- ci) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site. It is anticipated that the proposed drainage patterns would be similar to the existing site conditions. The project applicant would be required to implement on-site erosion control measures in accordance with County standards, which require the preparation, review, and approval of a grading plan by the County Engineer. The proposed project would not result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. This is considered a less than significant impact.
- cii) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project is not anticipated to generate a significant increase in the amount of runoff water from water use involving solar panel washing. Water will continue to percolate through the ground, as a majority of the surfaces on the project site will remain pervious. The proposed project would not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite. This is considered a less than significant impact.
- ciii) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project is not anticipated to generate a significant increase in the amount of runoff water from water use involving solar panel washing. Water will continue to percolate through the ground, as a majority of the surfaces on the project site will remain pervious. The proposed project would not create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. This is considered a less than significant impact.
- civ) **No Impact.** According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance Rate Map (Panel 06025C0425C), the project site is located in Zone X, which is an area determined to be outside of the 0.2 percent annual chance of a flood. The project does not propose the placement of structures within a 100-year flood hazard area. Therefore, the proposed project would not impede or redirect flood flows and no impact is identified for this issue area.
- d) **No Impact.** The project site is not located near any large bodies of water. The Salton Sea is located approximately 10 miles west of the project site. Furthermore, the project site is over 100 miles inland from the Pacific Ocean. In addition, the project site is relatively flat. Therefore, there is no potential for the project site to be inundated by seiches or tsunamis.
- e) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Refer to Response X. a) above.

XI. Land Use and Planning

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Physically divide an established community?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** The project site is located in a sparsely populated portion of Imperial County. There are no established residential communities located within or in the vicinity of the project site. Therefore, implementation of the proposed project would not divide an established community and no impact would occur.
- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Implementation of the project would require the approval of a CUP by the County to allow for the construction and operation of the proposed solar energy facility project. The project site is located on one privately-owned legal parcel zoned Open Space/Preservation (S-2-G). Pursuant to Title 9, Division 5, Chapter 19, the following uses are permitted in the S-2 zone subject to approval of a CUP from Imperial County: Major facilities relating to the generation and transmission of electrical energy provided such facilities are not under State or Federal law, to approved exclusively by an agency, or agencies of the State or Federal government, and provided such facilities shall be approved subsequent to coordination review of the Imperial Irrigation District for electrical matters. Such uses shall include but be limited to the following:
- Electrical generation plants
 - Facilities for the transmission of electrical energy (100-200 kV)
 - Electrical substations in an electrical transmission system (500 kv/230 kv/161 kV)

The County Land Use Ordinance, Division 17, includes the Renewable Energy Overlay Zone, which authorizes the development and operation of renewable energy projects, with an approved CUP. CUP applications proposed for specific renewable energy projects not located in the RE Overlay Zone would not be allowed without an amendment to the RE Overlay Zone. As shown on Figure 1, the project site is located outside of the Renewable Energy Overlay Zone. Therefore, the project requires a General Plan Amendment and Zone Change to include/classify the project site into the RE Overlay Zone. The proposed General Plan Amendment and Zone Change may result in a conflict with an applicable land plan, policy, or regulation. A potentially significant impact has been identified for this issue, and this issue will be addressed in the EIR.

A variance is required to exceed the height limit for transmission towers within the S-2 zone. The existing S-2 zone allows a maximum height limit of 40 feet; whereas implementation of the project may involve the construction of transmission towers of up to 70 feet in height. This issue will be addressed in the EIR.

XII. Mineral Resources

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Would the project:</i>				
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** The project site is not used for mineral resource production. According to Figure 8: Imperial County Existing Mineral Resources of the Conservation and Open Space Element of the General Plan, no known mineral resources occur within the project site nor does the project site contain mapped mineral resources. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in the loss of availability of any known mineral resources that would be of value to the region and the residents of California nor would the proposed project result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource.
- b) **No Impact.** Refer to Response XIII. a) above.

XIII. Noise

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project result in:				
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Less than Significant Impact.** The Imperial County Title 9 Land Use Ordinance, Division 7, Chapter 2, Section 90702.00 - Sound level limits, establishes one-hour average sound level limits for the County's land use zones. Agricultural/industrial operations are required to comply with the noise levels prescribed under the general industrial zones. Therefore, the project is required to maintain noise levels below 75 decibels (dB) (averaged over one hour) during any time of day. The project would be expected to comply with the Noise Element of the General Plan which states that construction noise, from a single piece of equipment or a combination of equipment, shall not exceed 75 dB, when averaged over an eight hour period, and measured at the nearest sensitive receptor. Construction equipment operation is also limited to the hours of 7 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday, and 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
- b) **Less than Significant Impact.** Groundborne vibration and groundborne noise could originate from earth movement during the construction phase of the proposed project. However, significant vibration is typically associated with activities such as blasting or the use of pile drivers, neither of which would be required during project construction. The project would be expected to comply with all applicable requirements for long-term operation, as well as with measures to reduce excessive groundborne vibration and noise to ensure that the project would not expose persons or structures to excessive groundborne vibration. No further analysis is warranted.
- c) **No Impact.** The project site is not located within two miles of a public airport or private airstrip. Therefore, the proposed project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels. No impact is identified for this issue area.

XIV. Population and Housing

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (e.g., by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (e.g., through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** Development of housing is not proposed as part of the project. No full-time employees are required to operate the project. The project facility will be monitored remotely. It is anticipated that maintenance of the facility will require minimal site presence to perform periodic visual inspections and minor repairs. On intermittent occasions, the presence of additional workers may be required for repairs or replacement of equipment and panel cleaning; however, due to the nature of the facility, such actions will likely occur infrequently. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a substantial growth in the area, as the number of employees required to operate and maintain the facility is minimal. No impact is identified for population and housing.
- b) **No Impact.** No housing exists within the project site and no people reside within the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would not displace substantial numbers of people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere. No impact is identified for this issue area.

XV. Public Services

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
i. Fire Protection?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ii. Police Protection?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
iii. Schools?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
iv. Parks?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
v. Other public facilities?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- ai) **Less than Significant Impact.** Fire protection and emergency medical services in the area are provided by the Imperial County Fire Department. The project site is located in the unincorporated area of Imperial County According to the Seismic and Public Safety Element of the General Plan, the potential for a major fire in the unincorporated areas of the County is generally low. Both the access and service roads (along the perimeter of the project facility) would have turnaround areas to allow clearance for fire trucks per fire department standards (70 feet by 70 feet, and 20-foot-wide access road). Based on these considerations, the project would not result in a need for fire facility expansion and a less than significant impact is identified for this issue area.
- aii) **Less than Significant Impact.** Police protection services in the project area is provided by the Imperial County Sheriff's Department. Although the potential is low, the proposed project may attract vandals or other security risks. The increase in construction related traffic could increase demand on law enforcement services. However, the project site would be fenced with 6-foot high chain link security fence topped with barbed wire and points of ingress/egress would be accessed via locked gates. In addition, periodic on-site personnel visitations for security would occur during operations and maintenance of the proposed project, thereby minimizing the need for police surveillance. This is considered a less than significant impact.
- aiii) **No Impact.** The proposed project does not include the development of residential land uses that would result in an increase in population or student generation. Construction of the proposed project would not result in an increase in student population within the Imperial County's School District since it is anticipated that construction workers would commute in during construction operations. The proposed project would have no impact on Imperial County schools. No further analysis is warranted.
- aiv) **No Impact.** No full-time employees are required to operate the project. The project facility will be monitored remotely. It is anticipated that maintenance of the facility will require minimal site presence to perform periodic visual inspections and minor repairs. Therefore, substantial permanent increases in population that would adversely affect local parks is not expected. The project is not expected to have an impact on parks. Therefore, no further analysis of these issue areas is warranted.
- av) **No Impact.** No full-time employees are required to operate the project. The project facility will be monitored remotely. It is anticipated that maintenance of the facility will require minimal site presence to perform periodic visual inspections and minor repairs. Therefore, substantial permanent increases in population that would adversely affect libraries and other public facilities (such as post offices) are not expected. The project



is not expected to have an impact on other public facilities such as post offices, and libraries. Therefore, no further analysis of these issue areas is warranted.

XVI. Recreation

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** The project site is not used for formal recreational purposes. Also, the proposed project would not generate new employment on a long-term basis. As such, the project would not significantly increase the use or accelerate the deterioration of regional parks or other recreational facilities. The temporary increase of population during construction that might be caused by an influx of workers would be minimal and not cause a detectable increase in the use of parks. Additionally, the project does not include or require the expansion of recreational facilities. No impact will occur and no further analysis is warranted.
- b) **No Impact.** Refer to Response XVII. a) above.

XVII. Transportation

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Conflict with a program plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Result in inadequate emergency access?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Construction of the project would result in a small increase of traffic consisting of construction trucks and construction employee vehicular trips to the area, which may result in a potentially significant impact. This issue will be addressed in the EIR.
- b) **No Impact.** This threshold is not applicable until 2020. No impact would occur and no further analysis is warranted.
- c) **Less than Significant Impact.** To accommodate emergency access, PV panels would be spaced to maintain proper clearance. A 20-foot wide access road would be constructed along the perimeter fence and solar panels to facilitate vehicle access and maneuverability for emergency unit vehicles. The internal access road would be graded and compacted (native soils) as required for construction, operations, maintenance, and emergency vehicle access. These access roads would not increase hazards because of design features or incompatible uses and a less than significant impact is identified. Furthermore, a haul truck route study will be required which will determine the appropriate construction route.
- d) **Less than Significant Impact.** To accommodate emergency access, PV panels would be spaced to maintain proper clearance. A 20-foot wide access road would be constructed along the perimeter fence and solar panels to facilitate vehicle access and maneuverability for emergency unit vehicles. The internal access road would be graded and compacted (native soils) as required for construction, operations, maintenance, and emergency vehicle access. The access and service roads would also have turnaround areas at any dead-end to allow clearance for fire trucks per fire department standards (70 feet by 70 feet, and 20-foot-wide access road). Based on this context, impacts are considered less than significant.

XVIII. Tribal Cultural Resources

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:</i>				
a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

a-b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Assembly Bill 52 was passed in 2014 and took effect July 1, 2015. It established a new category of environmental resources that must be considered under CEQA called tribal cultural resources (Public Resources Code 21074) and established a process for consulting with Native American tribes and groups regarding those resources. Assembly Bill 52 requires a lead agency to begin consultation with a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project.

Imperial County will consult with appropriate tribes with the potential for interest in the region. This issue will be further analyzed in the EIR.

XIX. Utilities and Service Systems

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>Would the project:</i>				
a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Less than Significant Impact.** The proposed project would generate a minimal volume of wastewater during construction. During construction activities, wastewater would be contained within portable toilet facilities and disposed of at an approved site. No habitable structures are proposed on the project site (such as O&M buildings); therefore, there would be no wastewater generation from the proposed project. The proposed project would not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded wastewater facilities.

The proposed project does not require expanded or new storm drainage facilities because the proposed solar facility would not generate a significant increase in the amount of impervious surfaces that would increase runoff during storm events. Water from solar panel washing would continue to percolate through the ground, as a majority of the surfaces within the project site would remain pervious. The proposed project would not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded storm water facilities.

The proposed project is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in water demand/use; however, water will be needed for solar panel washing and dust suppression. Water would be trucked to the project site from a local water source (East Highline Canal). Therefore, the proposed project would not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water facilities.

The proposed project would not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities.

Based on these considerations, a less than significant impact is identified for this issue area.

- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Approximately 20,000 to 30,000 gallons of water per day would initially be required for grading, dropping to much less for the remainder of the project construction. Construction water needs would be limited to earthwork, soil conditioning, dust suppression, and compaction efforts. Estimated annual water consumption for operation and maintenance of the proposed project, including periodic PV module washing, would be approximately 0.81-acre feet annually (af/y), which would be trucked to the project site. Although the proposed project is not anticipated to result in a significant increase in water demand/use, this issue will be addressed in the EIR.
- c) **Less than Significant Impact.** Refer to Response XIX. a) above.
- d) **Less than Significant Impact.** Solid waste generation would be minor for the construction and operation of the project. Solid waste will be disposed of using a locally-licensed waste hauling service, most likely Allied Waste. Trash would likely be hauled to the Niland Solid Waste Site (13-AA-0009) located in Niland. The Niland Solid Waste Site has approximately 318,669 cubic yards of remaining capacity and is estimated to remain in operation through 2056 (CalRecycle n.d.). Therefore, there is ample landfill capacity in the County to receive the minor amount of solid waste generated by construction and operation of the project.

Additionally, because the proposed project would generate solid waste during construction and operation, the project will be required to comply with state and local requirements for waste reduction and recycling; including the 1989 California Integrated Waste Management Act and the 1991 California Solid Waste and Recycling Access Act of 1991. Also, conditions of the CUP will contain provisions for recycling and diversion of Imperial County construction waste policies. A less than significant impact is identified for this issue area.

- e) **Less than Significant Impact.** Refer to Response XIX. d) above.

XX. Wildfire

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<i>If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:</i>				
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **No Impact.** According to the Draft Fire Hazard Severity Zone Map for Imperial County prepared by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the project site is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high hazard severity zones (California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection 2007). Therefore, the proposed project would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. No impact is identified for this issue area.
- b) **No Impact.** The project site is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high hazard severity zones (California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection 2007). Therefore, the proposed project would not exacerbate wildfire risks. No impact is identified for this issue area.
- c) **No Impact.** The project site is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high hazard severity zones (California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection 2007). The proposed project would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk or that would may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. No impact is identified for this issue area.
- d) **No Impact.** The project site is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high hazard severity zones (California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection 2007). The proposed project would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. No impact is identified for this issue area.

XXI. Mandatory Findings of Significance

Environmental Issue Area:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Impact Analysis

- a) **Potentially Significant Impact.** The proposed project has the potential to result in significant environmental effects on biological resources and cultural resources, which could directly or indirectly cause adverse effects on the environment. These issues will be further evaluated in the EIR.
- b) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Implementation of the proposed project has the potential to result in impacts related to: aesthetics, air quality, sensitive biological resources, cultural resources, paleontological resources, geology/soils, greenhouse gas emissions, hydrology and water quality, transportation/circulation impacts, and water supply. The proposed project has the potential to result in cumulative impacts with regards to the identified issue areas. Cumulative impacts will be discussed and further analyzed in the EIR.
- c) **Potentially Significant Impact.** Implementation of the proposed project has the potential to result in impacts related to: air quality and geology/soils. These potential environmental effects could cause substantial adverse effects on human beings. These issues will be further evaluated in the EIR.

Comment Letters Received on Notice of Preparation

NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION
Cultural and Environmental Department
1550 Harbor Blvd., Suite 100
West Sacramento, CA 95691 Phone: (916) 373-3710
Email: nahc@nahc.ca.gov
Website: <http://www.nahc.ca.gov>



November 14, 2019

Patricia Valenzuela
Imperial County
801 Main Street
El Centro, CA 92243

RE: SCH# 2019110140, Wister Solar Energy Facility Project, Imperial County

Dear Ms. Valenzuela:

The Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) has received the Notice of Preparation (NOP), Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) or Early Consultation for the project referenced above. The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Pub. Resources Code §21000 et seq.), specifically Public Resources Code §21084.1, states that a project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, is a project that may have a significant effect on the environment. (Pub. Resources Code § 21084.1; Cal. Code Regs., tit.14, §15064.5 (b) (CEQA Guidelines §15064.5 (b))). If there is substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before a lead agency, that a project may have a significant effect on the environment, an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) shall be prepared. (Pub. Resources Code §21080 (d); Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 5064 subd.(a)(1) (CEQA Guidelines §15064 (a)(1))). In order to determine whether a project will cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, a lead agency will need to determine whether there are historical resources within the area of potential effect (APE).

CEQA was amended significantly in 2014. Assembly Bill 52 (Gatto, Chapter 532, Statutes of 2014) (AB 52) amended CEQA to create a separate category of cultural resources, "tribal cultural resources" (Pub. Resources Code §21074) and provides that a project with an effect that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource is a project that may have a significant effect on the environment. (Pub. Resources Code §21084.2). Public agencies shall, when feasible, avoid damaging effects to any tribal cultural resource. (Pub. Resources Code §21084.3 (a)). **AB 52 applies to any project for which a notice of preparation, a notice of negative declaration, or a mitigated negative declaration is filed on or after July 1, 2015.** If your project involves the adoption of or amendment to a general plan or a specific plan, or the designation or proposed designation of open space, on or after March 1, 2005, it may also be subject to Senate Bill 18 (Burton, Chapter 905, Statutes of 2004) (SB 18). **Both SB 18 and AB 52 have tribal consultation requirements.** If your project is also subject to the federal National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. § 4321 et seq.) (NEPA), the tribal consultation requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (154 U.S.C. 300101, 36 C.F.R. §800 et seq.) may also apply.

The NAHC recommends consultation with California Native American tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of your proposed project as early as possible in order to avoid inadvertent discoveries of Native American human remains and best protect tribal cultural resources. Below is a brief summary of portions of AB 52 and SB 18 as well as the NAHC's recommendations for conducting cultural resources assessments.

Consult your legal counsel about compliance with AB 52 and SB 18 as well as compliance with any other applicable laws.

RECEIVED

NOV 18 2019

IMPERIAL COUNTY
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

AB 52

AB 52 has added to CEQA the additional requirements listed below, along with many other requirements:

1. Fourteen Day Period to Provide Notice of Completion of an Application/Decision to Undertake a Project: Within fourteen (14) days of determining that an application for a project is complete or of a decision by a public agency to undertake a project, a lead agency shall provide formal notification to a designated contact of, or tribal representative of, traditionally and culturally affiliated California Native American tribes that have requested notice, to be accomplished by at least one written notice that includes:
 - a. A brief description of the project.
 - b. The lead agency contact information.
 - c. Notification that the California Native American tribe has 30 days to request consultation. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.1 (d)).
 - d. A "California Native American tribe" is defined as a Native American tribe located in California that is on the contact list maintained by the NAHC for the purposes of Chapter 905 of Statutes of 2004 (SB 18). (Pub. Resources Code §21073).
2. Begin Consultation Within 30 Days of Receiving a Tribe's Request for Consultation and Before Releasing a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or Environmental Impact Report: A lead agency shall begin the consultation process within 30 days of receiving a request for consultation from a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.1, subs. (d) and (e)) and prior to the release of a negative declaration, mitigated negative declaration or Environmental Impact Report. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.1(b)).
 - a. For purposes of AB 52, "consultation shall have the same meaning as provided in Gov. Code §65352.4 (SB 18). (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.1 (b)).
3. Mandatory Topics of Consultation If Requested by a Tribe: The following topics of consultation, if a tribe requests to discuss them, are mandatory topics of consultation:
 - a. Alternatives to the project.
 - b. Recommended mitigation measures.
 - c. Significant effects. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.2 (a)).
4. Discretionary Topics of Consultation: The following topics are discretionary topics of consultation:
 - a. Type of environmental review necessary.
 - b. Significance of the tribal cultural resources.
 - c. Significance of the project's impacts on tribal cultural resources.
 - d. If necessary, project alternatives or appropriate measures for preservation or mitigation that the tribe may recommend to the lead agency. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.2 (a)).
5. Confidentiality of Information Submitted by a Tribe During the Environmental Review Process: With some exceptions, any information, including but not limited to, the location, description, and use of tribal cultural resources submitted by a California Native American tribe during the environmental review process shall not be included in the environmental document or otherwise disclosed by the lead agency or any other public agency to the public, consistent with Government Code §6254 (r) and §6254.10. Any information submitted by a California Native American tribe during the consultation or environmental review process shall be published in a confidential appendix to the environmental document unless the tribe that provided the information consents, in writing, to the disclosure of some or all of the information to the public. (Pub. Resources Code §21082.3 (c)(1)).
6. Discussion of Impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources in the Environmental Document: If a project may have a significant impact on a tribal cultural resource, the lead agency's environmental document shall discuss both of the following:
 - a. Whether the proposed project has a significant impact on an identified tribal cultural resource.
 - b. Whether feasible alternatives or mitigation measures, including those measures that may be agreed to pursuant to Public Resources Code §21082.3, subdivision (a), avoid or substantially lessen the impact on the identified tribal cultural resource. (Pub. Resources Code §21082.3 (b)).

7. Conclusion of Consultation: Consultation with a tribe shall be considered concluded when either of the following occurs:
 - a. The parties agree to measures to mitigate or avoid a significant effect, if a significant effect exists, on a tribal cultural resource; or
 - b. A party, acting in good faith and after reasonable effort, concludes that mutual agreement cannot be reached. (Pub. Resources Code §21080.3.2 (b)).

8. Recommending Mitigation Measures Agreed Upon in Consultation in the Environmental Document: Any mitigation measures agreed upon in the consultation conducted pursuant to Public Resources Code §21080.3.2 shall be recommended for inclusion in the environmental document and in an adopted mitigation monitoring and reporting program, if determined to avoid or lessen the impact pursuant to Public Resources Code §21082.3, subdivision (b), paragraph 2, and shall be fully enforceable. (Pub. Resources Code §21082.3 (a)).

9. Required Consideration of Feasible Mitigation: If mitigation measures recommended by the staff of the lead agency as a result of the consultation process are not included in the environmental document or if there are no agreed upon mitigation measures at the conclusion of consultation, or if consultation does not occur, and if substantial evidence demonstrates that a project will cause a significant effect to a tribal cultural resource, the lead agency shall consider feasible mitigation pursuant to Public Resources Code §21084.3 (b). (Pub. Resources Code §21082.3 (e)).

10. Examples of Mitigation Measures That, If Feasible, May Be Considered to Avoid or Minimize Significant Adverse Impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources:
 - a. Avoidance and preservation of the resources in place, including, but not limited to:
 - i. Planning and construction to avoid the resources and protect the cultural and natural context.
 - ii. Planning greenspace, parks, or other open space, to incorporate the resources with culturally appropriate protection and management criteria.
 - b. Treating the resource with culturally appropriate dignity, taking into account the tribal cultural values and meaning of the resource, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - i. Protecting the cultural character and integrity of the resource.
 - ii. Protecting the traditional use of the resource.
 - iii. Protecting the confidentiality of the resource.
 - c. Permanent conservation easements or other interests in real property, with culturally appropriate management criteria for the purposes of preserving or utilizing the resources or places.
 - d. Protecting the resource. (Pub. Resource Code §21084.3 (b)).
 - e. Please note that a federally recognized California Native American tribe or a non-federally recognized California Native American tribe that is on the contact list maintained by the NAHC to protect a California prehistoric, archaeological, cultural, spiritual, or ceremonial place may acquire and hold conservation easements if the conservation easement is voluntarily conveyed. (Civ. Code §815.3 (c)).
 - f. Please note that it is the policy of the state that Native American remains and associated grave artifacts shall be repatriated. (Pub. Resources Code §5097.991).

11. Prerequisites for Certifying an Environmental Impact Report or Adopting a Mitigated Negative Declaration or Negative Declaration with a Significant Impact on an Identified Tribal Cultural Resource: An Environmental Impact Report may not be certified, nor may a mitigated negative declaration or a negative declaration be adopted unless one of the following occurs:
 - a. The consultation process between the tribes and the lead agency has occurred as provided in Public Resources Code §21080.3.1 and §21080.3.2 and concluded pursuant to Public Resources Code §21080.3.2.
 - b. The tribe that requested consultation failed to provide comments to the lead agency or otherwise failed to engage in the consultation process.
 - c. The lead agency provided notice of the project to the tribe in compliance with Public Resources Code §21080.3.1 (d) and the tribe failed to request consultation within 30 days. (Pub. Resources Code §21082.3 (d)).

The NAHC's PowerPoint presentation titled, "Tribal Consultation Under AB 52: Requirements and Best Practices" may be found online at: http://nahc.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/AB52TribalConsultation_CalEPAPDF.pdf

SB 18

SB 18 applies to local governments and requires local governments to contact, provide notice to, refer plans to, and consult with tribes prior to the adoption or amendment of a general plan or a specific plan, or the designation of open space. (Gov. Code §65352.3). Local governments should consult the Governor's Office of Planning and Research's "Tribal Consultation Guidelines," which can be found online at: https://www.opr.ca.gov/docs/09_14_05_Updated_Guidelines_922.pdf

Some of SB 18's provisions include:

1. **Tribal Consultation:** If a local government considers a proposal to adopt or amend a general plan or a specific plan, or to designate open space it is required to contact the appropriate tribes identified by the NAHC by requesting a "Tribal Consultation List." If a tribe, once contacted, requests consultation the local government must consult with the tribe on the plan proposal. **A tribe has 90 days from the date of receipt of notification to request consultation unless a shorter timeframe has been agreed to by the tribe.** (Gov. Code §65352.3 (a)(2)).
2. **No Statutory Time Limit on SB 18 Tribal Consultation.** There is no statutory time limit on SB 18 tribal consultation.
3. **Confidentiality:** Consistent with the guidelines developed and adopted by the Office of Planning and Research pursuant to Gov. Code §65040.2, the city or county shall protect the confidentiality of the information concerning the specific identity, location, character, and use of places, features and objects described in Public Resources Code §5097.9 and §5097.993 that are within the city's or county's jurisdiction. (Gov. Code §65352.3 (b)).
4. **Conclusion of SB 18 Tribal Consultation:** Consultation should be concluded at the point in which:
 - a. The parties to the consultation come to a mutual agreement concerning the appropriate measures for preservation or mitigation; or
 - b. Either the local government or the tribe, acting in good faith and after reasonable effort, concludes that mutual agreement cannot be reached concerning the appropriate measures of preservation or mitigation. (Tribal Consultation Guidelines, Governor's Office of Planning and Research (2005) at p. 18).

Agencies should be aware that neither AB 52 nor SB 18 precludes agencies from initiating tribal consultation with tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with their jurisdictions before the timeframes provided in AB 52 and SB 18. For that reason, we urge you to continue to request Native American Tribal Contact Lists and "Sacred Lands File" searches from the NAHC. The request forms can be found online at: <http://nahc.ca.gov/resources/forms/>

NAHC Recommendations for Cultural Resources Assessments

To adequately assess the existence and significance of tribal cultural resources and plan for avoidance, preservation in place, or barring both, mitigation of project-related impacts to tribal cultural resources, the NAHC recommends the following actions:

1. Contact the appropriate regional California Historical Research Information System (CHRIS) Center (http://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=1068) for an archaeological records search. The records search will determine:
 - a. If part or all of the APE has been previously surveyed for cultural resources.
 - b. If any known cultural resources have already been recorded on or adjacent to the APE.
 - c. If the probability is low, moderate, or high that cultural resources are located in the APE.
 - d. If a survey is required to determine whether previously unrecorded cultural resources are present.
2. If an archaeological inventory survey is required, the final stage is the preparation of a professional report detailing the findings and recommendations of the records search and field survey.
 - a. The final report containing site forms, site significance, and mitigation measures should be submitted immediately to the planning department. All information regarding site locations, Native American human remains, and associated funerary objects should be in a separate confidential addendum and not be made available for public disclosure.
 - b. The final written report should be submitted within 3 months after work has been completed to the appropriate regional CHRIS center.

3. Contact the NAHC for:
 - a. A Sacred Lands File search. Remember that tribes do not always record their sacred sites in the Sacred Lands File, nor are they required to do so. A Sacred Lands File search is not a substitute for consultation with tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the project's APE.
 - b. A Native American Tribal Consultation List of appropriate tribes for consultation concerning the project site and to assist in planning for avoidance, preservation in place, or, failing both, mitigation measures.
4. Remember that the lack of surface evidence of archaeological resources (including tribal cultural resources) does not preclude their subsurface existence.
 - a. Lead agencies should include in their mitigation and monitoring reporting program plan provisions for the identification and evaluation of inadvertently discovered archaeological resources per Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, §15064.5(f) (CEQA Guidelines §15064.5(f)). In areas of identified archaeological sensitivity, a certified archaeologist and a culturally affiliated Native American with knowledge of cultural resources should monitor all ground-disturbing activities.
 - b. Lead agencies should include in their mitigation and monitoring reporting program plans provisions for the disposition of recovered cultural items that are not burial associated in consultation with culturally affiliated Native Americans.
 - c. Lead agencies should include in their mitigation and monitoring reporting program plans provisions for the treatment and disposition of inadvertently discovered Native American human remains. Health and Safety Code §7050.5, Public Resources Code §5097.98, and Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, §15064.5, subdivisions (d) and (e) (CEQA Guidelines §15064.5, subds. (d) and (e)) address the processes to be followed in the event of an inadvertent discovery of any Native American human remains and associated grave goods in a location other than a dedicated cemetery.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at my email address:

Andrew.Green@nahc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,



Andrew Green
Staff Services Analyst

cc: State Clearinghouse



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December 10, 2019

Ms. Patricia Valenzuela
Planner IV
Planning & Development Services Department
County of Imperial
801 Main Street
El Centro, CA 92243

SUBJECT: NOP of a Draft EIR for the Orni 21, LLC Wister Solar Energy Facility Project

Dear Ms. Valenzuela:

On November 12, 2019, the Imperial Irrigation District received from the Imperial County Planning & Development Services Dept. a request for agency comments on the Notice of Preparation of a Draft Environmental Impact Report for the Wister Solar Energy Facility Project. The applicant, Orni 21, LLC, is proposing to develop a 20MW photovoltaic energy generation facility on a 100 acres of a 640-acre parcel generally located about 3 miles north of the townsite of Niland, California.

The Imperial Irrigation District has reviewed the information and has the following comments:

1. The project plans to interconnect to the IID's 92kV "K" transmission line via a generation tie-in line along the east portion of parcel APN 003-240-001 on approximately 100 acres of the 640 acres parcel. To serve the project's temporary construction and permanent power requirements for the project's substation, there may be a need to under build the 92kV gen-tie with 12kV rated conductor.
2. For distribution-rated electrical service for the project, the applicant should be advised to contact Ignacio Romo, IID Customer Project Development Planner, at (760) 482-3426 or e-mail Mr. Romo at igromo@iid.com to initiate the customer service application process. In addition to submitting a formal application (available for download at the district website <http://www.iid.com/home/showdocument?id=12923>), the applicant will be required to submit a complete set of approved plans (including CAD files), project schedule, estimated in-service date, one-line diagram of facility, electrical loads, panel size, voltage, and the applicable fees, permits, easements and environmental compliance documentation pertaining to the provision of temporary and permanent electrical service to the project. The applicant shall be responsible for all costs and mitigation measures related to providing electrical service to the project.
3. Please note electrical capacity in the area is limited and a circuit study will be required to determine the project's impact to the distribution system. If the study determines any distribution system upgrades are needed to serve the project, the applicant shall be financially responsible for those upgrades.

4. Developer should be advised that for specific technical concerns regarding the interconnection to IID's 92kV "K" transmission line to contact Carlos Alfaro, IID Transmission Engineering Supervisor at (760) 482-3483 or e-mail Mr. Alfaro at calfaro@iid.com.
5. IID water facilities that may be impacted include the East Highland Canal. The project site is located adjacent to and east of the East Highline Canal.
6. The applicant may not use IID's canal or drain banks to access the project site. Any abandonment of easements or facilities will be approved by IID based on systems (irrigation, drainage, power, etc.) needs.
7. The proposed project is located outside of IID's water service area and will be unable to receive IID water service. According to the terms of IID's 1932 federal water contract, only lands that are within the All-American Canal Service Area Boundary that have been included within the legal boundary of IID are eligible to receive water. Lands outside of the AAC Service Area Boundary or outside of the district boundary, may receive water from IID only if IID agrees to sell conserved water pursuant to a water conservation and transfer agreement. While these supplies are subject to even more constraints and approvals under the terms of the Quantification Settlement Agreement and various other related contracts, IID's Board of Directors is on record as indicating they are not in favor of any additional or new water transfers, which in and of themselves are complicated and tied to other existing contractual obligations. IID's water service area maps are available at <https://www.iid.com/water/about-iid-water/water-service-maps>. While all specific project inquiries should be directed to IID, these referenced maps may serve as a quick guide
8. Any construction or operation on IID property or within its existing and proposed right of way or easements including but not limited to: surface improvements such as proposed new streets, driveways, parking lots, landscape; and all water, sewer, storm water, or any other above ground or underground utilities; will require an encroachment permit, or encroachment agreement (depending on the circumstances). A copy of the IID encroachment permit application and instructions are available for download at <http://www.iid.com/departments/real-estate>. The IID Real Estate Section should be contacted at (760) 339-9239 for additional information regarding encroachment permits or agreements.
9. An IID encroachment permit will be required to utilize existing surface-water drainpipe connections to drains and receive drainage service from IID. Surface-water drainpipe connections are to be modified in accordance with IID standards. A construction storm-water permit and an industrial storm water permit from the California Regional Water Quality Control Board are required for the construction and operation of the proposed facility. Copies of these permits and the project's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan are to be submitted to IID.
10. In addition to IID's recorded easements, IID claims, at a minimum, a prescriptive right of way to the toe of slope of all existing canals and drains. Where space is limited and depending upon the specifics of adjacent modifications, the IID may claim additional secondary easements/prescriptive rights of ways to ensure operation and maintenance of

IID's facilities can be maintained and are not impacted and if impacted mitigated. Thus, IID should be consulted prior to the installation of any facilities adjacent to IID's facilities. Certain conditions may be placed on adjacent facilities to mitigate or avoid impacts to IID's facilities.

11. Any new, relocated, modified or reconstructed IID facilities required for and by the project (which can include but is not limited to electrical utility substations, electrical transmission and distribution lines, etc.) need to be included as part of the project's CEQA and/or NEPA documentation, environmental impact analysis and mitigation. Failure to do so will result in postponement of any construction and/or modification of IID facilities until such time as the environmental documentation is amended and environmental impacts are fully analyzed. **Any and all mitigation necessary as a result of the construction, relocation and/or upgrade of IID facilities is the responsibility of the project proponent.**

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at 760-482-3609 or at dvargas@iid.com. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this matter.

Respectfully,



Donald Vargas
Compliance Administrator II

Enrique B. Martinez – General Manager
Mike Pacheco – Manager, Water Dept.
Marilyn Del Bosque Gilbert – Manager, Energy Dept.
Jamie Asbury – Deputy Manager, Energy Dept., Operations
Enrique De Leon – Asst. Mgr., Energy Dept., Distr., Planning, Eng. & Customer Service
Vance Taylor – Asst. General Counsel
Robert Laurie – Asst. General Counsel
Michael P. Kemp – Superintendent, Regulatory & Environmental Compliance
Laura Cervantes. – Supervisor, Real Estate
Jessica Humes – Environmental Project Mgr. Sr., Water Dept.



COUNTY OF
IMPERIAL

DEPARTMENT OF
PUBLIC WORKS

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Public Works works for the Public

December 17, 2019

Mr. Jim Minnick, Director
Planning & Development Services Department
801 Main Street
El Centro, CA 92243

Attention: Patricia Valenzuela, Planner IV

SUBJECT: CUP 18-0040 for Wister Solar Energy Facility Project;
Located approximately three miles north of Niland, CA.
APN 003-240-001

Dear Mr. Minnick:

This letter is in response to your submittal received by this department on November 6, 2019 for the above mentioned project. The applicant is proposing the construction and operation of a 20 Megawatt (MW) photovoltaic (PV) solar energy facility on approximately 100 acres being comprised of solar PV panels on single-axis horizontal trackers, an on-site substation and inverters, transformers, and underground electrical cables. It also includes approximately two miles of fiber optic line from the proposed on-site substation to the existing Niland Substation to connect the proposed telecommunications system.

Department staff has reviewed the package information and the following comments shall be Conditions of Approval:

1. Cuff Road is classified as Local County (Residential) - two (2) lanes, requiring sixty feet (60) of right of way, being thirty (30) feet from existing centerline. It is required that sufficient right of way be provided to meet this road classification. **As directed by Imperial County Board of Supervisors per Minute Order #6 dated 11/22/1994 per the Imperial County Circulation Element Plan of the General Plan).**
2. Wilkins Road is classified as Minor Collector – Local Collector, two (2) lanes, requiring seventy feet (70) of right of way, being thirty five (35) feet from existing centerline. It is required that sufficient right of way be provided to meet this road classification. As directed by Imperial County Board of Supervisors per Minute Order #6 dated 11/22/1994 per the Imperial County Circulation Element Plan of the General Plan).
3. According to the County of Imperial Codified Ordinances, any site plan submitted with an application for permitting shall show the dimensions, which includes bearings, of all property lines. All distances from the property line(s) to the structures shall also be shown on the site plan. The applicant shall revise the site plan and resubmit at the earliest convenience.
4. The access road on the east side of the property connecting to Cuff Road (Gas Line Road) as illustrated on Figure 3-3 of the Project Description Document has the potential to encroach into Zone A of the FEMA Flood Insurance Map Panel 06025C0450C.

The findings of the Initial Study under Section X – Hydrology and Water Quality, Subsection c) iv, shall state that either no access roads will be constructed within the flood zone or that mitigation measures will be provided during the EIR.

5. Section XVII – Transportation, Subsection d), of the Initial Study refers to site emergency access and is evaluated as having Less than Significant Impacts. This section does not make a mention of access roads from the project site to County roads.

The findings on Section XVII – Transportation, Subsection d), of the Initial Study shall include impacts the access road east of the project site to Cuff Road (Gas Line Road) and the two access roads west of the project site to Wilkins Road. This finding shall be revised to be Potentially Significant Impact.

Prior to development, the Developer shall meet the following requirements:

- A. Any access roads to the project site shall abut to County roads. Access roads through private properties shall require easements from property owners.
- B. Any activity and/or work within Imperial County right-of-way shall be completed under a permit issued by this Department (encroachment permit) as per Chapter 12.12 - Excavations on or Near a Public Road of the Imperial County Ordinance.

- a. Any activity and/or work may include, but not be limited to, the installation of temporary stabilized construction entrances, primary access driveways, secondary emergency access driveways, site fence installation, underground/overhead electrical crossings, road improvements, temporary traffic control, etc.

- C. Corner record is required to be filed with the Imperial County Surveyor for monuments prior to construction:

8771. (b) When monuments exist that control the location of subdivisions, tracts, boundaries, roads, streets, or highways, or provide horizontal or vertical survey control, the monuments shall be located and referenced by or under the direction of a licensed land surveyor or licensed civil engineer legally authorized to practice land surveying, prior to the time when any streets, highways, other rights-of-way, or easements are improved, constructed, reconstructed, maintained, resurfaced, or relocated, and a corner record or record of survey of the references shall be filed with the county surveyor.

- D. A second corner record is required to be filed with the Imperial County Surveyor for monuments:

8771. (c) A permanent monument shall be reset in the surface of the new construction or a witness monument or monuments set to perpetuate the location if any monument could be destroyed, damaged, covered, disturbed, or otherwise obliterated, and a corner record or record of survey shall be filed with the county surveyor prior to the recording of a certificate of completion for the project. Sufficient controlling monuments shall be retained or replaced in their original positions to enable property, right-of-way and easement lines, property corners, and subdivision and tract boundaries to be reestablished without devious surveys necessarily originating on monuments differing from those that currently control the area.

- E. The Developer will be required to repair any damages caused to County roads by construction traffic during construction and maintain them in safe conditions.
- F. All off-site improvements within Imperial County right-of-way shall be financially secured by either a road improvement bond or letter of credit prior to issuance of a grading permit, building permit, and encroachment permit.
- G. Prior to the issuance of grading and building permits, the Developer shall complete the installation of temporary stabilized construction entrances and secondary emergency access driveways.
- H. Prior to issuance of final certificate of occupancy, the Developer shall be responsible for repairing any damage caused to County roads and bridges during construction as determined by the Imperial County Road Commissioner.
- I. The Developer shall furnish a Drainage and Grading Plan/Study to provide for property grading and drainage control, which shall also include prevention of sedimentation of damage to off-site properties. The Study/Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. The Developer shall implement the approved plan. Employment of the appropriate Best Management Practices (BMP's) shall be included. (Per Imperial County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 12.10.020 B).
- J. Any permanent structures shall be located outside of the ultimate County Right-of-Way.
- K. Off-site improvements shall be constructed in compliance with the material specifications, horizontal/vertical alignments and notes of engineered approved project plans and shall conform to County of Imperial Department of Public Works Engineering Design Guidelines Manual.
- L. On-site roads shall be constructed of compacted Class II Aggregate Base.
- M. Primary and secondary emergency access driveways from paved roads shall be constructed of Asphalt Concrete Pavement. Primary and secondary emergency access driveways from unpaved roads shall be constructed of Class II Aggregate Base.
- N. The Developer shall prepare and submit a haul route study for the proposed construction haul route to evaluate any impacts to County roads. Said study shall be submitted to this Department for review and approval. The haul route study shall include pictures and/or other documents to verify the existing conditions of the impacted County roads before construction begins. The haul route study shall also include recommended mitigation improvements to impacted County roads along with any fair share costs for such improvements.
- O. The Developer shall enter into a Roadway Maintenance Agreement with the County of Imperial prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy. The Developer shall provide financial security to maintain the roads on the approved haul route study during construction.

INFORMATIVE:

The following items are for informational purposes only. The Developer is responsible to determine if the enclosed items affect the subject project.

- All solid and hazardous waste shall be disposed of in approved solid waste disposal sites in accordance with existing County, State and Federal regulations (Per Imperial County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 8.72).
- All on-site traffic areas shall be hard surfaced to provide all weather access for emergency vehicles.
- The project may require a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and Notice of Intent (NOI) from the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) prior to County approval of onsite grading plan (40 CFR 122.28).
- A Transportation Permit may be required from road agency(s) having jurisdiction over the haul route(s) for any hauls of heavy equipment and/or large vehicles which impose greater than legal loads on riding surfaces, including bridges. (Per Imperial County Code of Ordinances, Chapter 10.12 – Overweight Vehicles and Loads).
- As this project proceeds through the planning and the approval process, additional comments and/or requirements may apply as more information is received

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact this office. Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this project.

Respectfully,

By:



John A. Gay, PE
Director of Public Works

CY/dm



AUGUSTINE BAND OF CAHUILLA INDIANS

PO Box 846 84-481 Avenue 54 Coachella CA 92236

Telephone: (760) 398-4722

Fax (760) 369-7161

Tribal Chairperson: Amanda Vance

Tribal Vice-Chairperson: William Vance

Tribal Secretary: Victoria Martin

February 26, 2019

Joe Hernandez
Imperial County Planning & Development Services
801 Main Street
El Centro, CA 92243

Re: Wister Solar Farm – Ormat Technologies, Inc.

Dear Mr. Hernandez-

Thank you for the opportunity to offer input concerning the development of the above-identified project. We appreciate your sensitivity to the cultural resources that may be impacted by your project, and the importance of these cultural resources to the Native American peoples that have occupied the land surrounding the area of your project for thousands of years. Unfortunately, increased development and lack of sensitivity to cultural resources has resulted in many significant cultural resources being destroyed or substantially altered and impacted. Your invitation to consult on this project is greatly appreciated.

At this time we are unaware of specific cultural resources that may be affected by the proposed project. We encourage you to contact other Native American Tribes and individuals within the immediate vicinity of the project site that may have specific information concerning cultural resources that may be located in the area. We also encourage you to contract with a monitor who is qualified in Native American cultural resources identification and who is able to be present on-site full-time during the pre-construction and construction phase of the project. Please notify us immediately should you discover any cultural resources during the development of this project.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Victoria Martin".

Victoria Martin

Tribal Secretary

RECEIVED

MAR 04 2019

IMPERIAL COUNTY
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES